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THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATION — JUNE 2021

Total **nonfarm payroll employment** rose by 850,000 in June, and the **unemployment rate** was little changed at 5.9 percent, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Notable job gains occurred in leisure and hospitality, public and private education, professional and business services, retail trade, and other services.

Chart 1. Unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted, June 2019 – June 2021

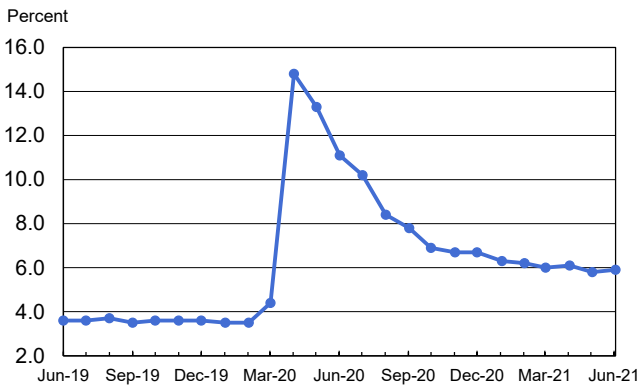
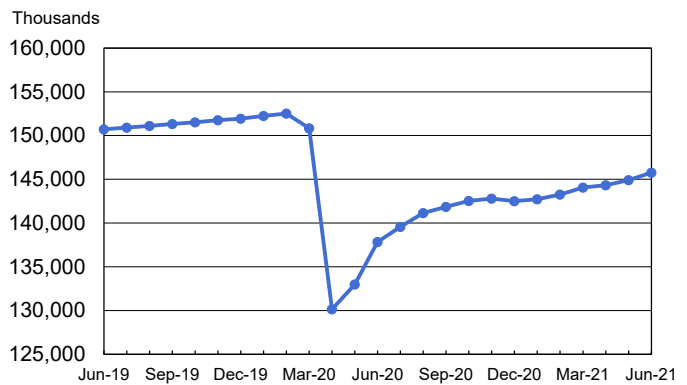


Chart 2. Nonfarm payroll employment, seasonally adjusted, June 2019 – June 2021



This news release presents statistics from two monthly surveys. The household survey measures labor force status, including unemployment, by demographic characteristics. The establishment survey measures nonfarm employment, hours, and earnings by industry. For more information about the concepts and statistical methodology used in these two surveys, see the Technical Note.

Household Survey Data

Both the **unemployment rate**, at 5.9 percent, and the number of **unemployed persons**, at 9.5 million, were little changed in June. These measures are down considerably from their recent highs in April 2020 but remain well above their levels prior to the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic (3.5 percent and 5.7 million, respectively, in February 2020). (See table A-1. See the box note on page 5 for more

information about how the household survey and its measures were affected by the coronavirus pandemic.)

Among the **major worker groups**, the unemployment rates for adult men (5.9 percent), adult women (5.5 percent), teenagers (9.9 percent), Whites (5.2 percent), Blacks (9.2 percent), Asians (5.8 percent), and Hispanics (7.4 percent) showed little or no change in June. (See tables A-1, A-2, and A-3.)

Among the unemployed, the number of **job leavers**—that is, unemployed persons who quit or voluntarily left their previous job and began looking for new employment—increased by 164,000 to 942,000 in June. The number of persons on **temporary layoff**, at 1.8 million, was essentially unchanged over the month. This measure is down considerably from the high of 18.0 million in April 2020 but is 1.1 million above the February 2020 level. The number of **permanent job losers**, at 3.2 million, was also essentially unchanged over the month but is 1.9 million higher than in February 2020. (See table A-11.)

In June, the number of **long-term unemployed** (those jobless for 27 weeks or more) increased by 233,000 to 4.0 million, following a decline of 431,000 in May. This measure is 2.9 million higher than in February 2020. These long-term unemployed accounted for 42.1 percent of the total unemployed in June. The number of persons **jobless less than 5 weeks**, at 2.0 million, changed little in June. (See table A-12.)

The **labor force participation rate** was unchanged at 61.6 percent in June and has remained within a narrow range of 61.4 percent to 61.7 percent since June 2020. The participation rate is 1.7 percentage points lower than in February 2020. The **employment-population ratio**, at 58.0 percent, was also unchanged in June but is up by 0.6 percentage point since December 2020. However, this measure is 3.1 percentage points below its February 2020 level. (See table A-1.)

The number of persons employed **part time for economic reasons** decreased by 644,000 to 4.6 million in June. This decline reflected a drop in the number of persons whose hours were cut due to slack work or business conditions. The number of persons employed part time for economic reasons is up by 229,000 since February 2020. These individuals, who would have preferred full-time employment, were working part time because their hours had been reduced or they were unable to find full-time jobs. (See table A-8.)

In June, the number of persons **not in the labor force who currently want a job** was 6.4 million, little changed over the month but up by 1.4 million since February 2020. These individuals were not counted as unemployed because they were not actively looking for work during the last 4 weeks or were unavailable to take a job. (See table A-1.)

Among those not in the labor force who currently want a job, the number of persons **marginally attached to the labor force**, at 1.8 million, changed little in June but is up by 393,000 since February 2020. These individuals wanted and were available for work and had looked for a job sometime in the prior 12 months but had not looked for work in the 4 weeks preceding the survey. The number of **discouraged workers**, a subset of the marginally attached who believed that no jobs were available for them, was 617,000 in June, essentially unchanged from the previous month but 216,000 higher than in February 2020. (See Summary table A.)

Household Survey Supplemental Data

In June, 14.4 percent of employed persons **teleworked because of the coronavirus pandemic**, down from 16.6 percent in the prior month. These data refer to employed persons who teleworked or worked at home for pay at some point in the last 4 weeks specifically because of the pandemic.

In June, 6.2 million persons reported that they had been **unable to work because their employer closed or lost business due to the pandemic**—that is, they did not work at all or worked fewer hours at some point in the last 4 weeks due to the pandemic. This measure is down from 7.9 million in May. Among those who reported in June that they were unable to work because of pandemic-related closures or lost business, 10.0 percent **received at least some pay from their employer** for the hours not worked, little changed from the previous month.

Among those not in the labor force in June, 1.6 million persons were **prevented from looking for work due to the pandemic**. This measure is down from 2.5 million in May. (To be counted as unemployed, by definition, individuals must be either actively looking for work or on temporary layoff.)

These supplemental data come from questions added to the household survey beginning in May 2020 to help gauge the effects of the pandemic on the labor market. The data are not seasonally adjusted. Tables with estimates from the supplemental questions for all months are available online at www.bls.gov/cps/effects-of-the-coronavirus-covid-19-pandemic.htm.

Establishment Survey Data

Total **nonfarm payroll employment** rose by 850,000 in June, following increases of 583,000 in May and 269,000 in April. In June, nonfarm payroll employment is up by 15.6 million since April 2020 but is down by 6.8 million, or 4.4 percent, from its pre-pandemic level in February 2020. Notable job gains in June occurred in leisure and hospitality, public and private education, professional and business services, retail trade, and other services. (See table B-1. See the box note on page 5 for more information about how the establishment survey and its measures were affected by the coronavirus pandemic.)

In June, employment in **leisure and hospitality** increased by 343,000, as pandemic-related restrictions continued to ease in some parts of the country. Over half of the job gain was in food services and drinking places (+194,000). Employment also continued to increase in accommodation (+75,000) and in arts, entertainment, and recreation (+74,000). Employment in leisure and hospitality is down by 2.2 million, or 12.9 percent, from its level in February 2020.

In June, employment rose by 155,000 in **local government education**, by 75,000 in **state government education**, and by 39,000 in **private education**. In both public and private education, staffing fluctuations due to the pandemic, in part reflecting the return to in-person learning and other school-related activities, have distorted the normal seasonal buildup and layoff patterns, likely contributing to the job gains in June. (Without the typical seasonal employment increases earlier, there were fewer layoffs at the end of the school year, resulting in job gains after seasonal adjustment.) These variations make it more challenging to discern the current employment trends in these industries. Since February 2020, employment is down by 414,000 in local government education, by 168,000 in state government education, and by 255,000 in private education.

Employment in **professional and business services** rose by 72,000 in June but is down by 633,000 since February 2020. In June, employment rose in temporary help services (+33,000), advertising and

related services (+8,000), scientific research and development services (+7,000), and legal services (+6,000).

Retail trade added 67,000 jobs in June, but employment is down by 303,000, or 1.9 percent, since February 2020. Over the month, job growth in clothing and clothing accessories stores (+28,000), general merchandise stores (+25,000), miscellaneous store retailers (+13,000), and automobile dealers (+8,000) was partially offset by losses in food and beverage stores (-13,000) and health and personal care stores (-7,000).

The **other services** industry added 56,000 jobs in June, with gains in personal and laundry services (+29,000), in membership associations and organizations (+18,000), and in repair and maintenance (+9,000). Employment in other services is 297,000 lower than in February 2020.

Employment in **social assistance** rose by 32,000 in June, largely in child day care services (+25,000). Employment in social assistance is down by 236,000 from its level in February 2020.

In June, **wholesale trade** added 21,000 jobs, with gains in both the durable and nondurable goods components (+14,000 and +9,000, respectively). Employment in wholesale trade is 192,000 lower than in February 2020.

Employment in **mining** rose by 10,000 in June, reflecting a gain in support activities for mining. Mining employment is down by 110,000 since a peak in January 2019.

Employment in **manufacturing** changed little in June (+15,000). Within the industry, job gains in furniture and related products (+9,000), fabricated metal products (+6,000), and primary metals (+3,000) were partially offset by a loss in motor vehicles and parts (-12,000). Employment in manufacturing is down by 481,000 from its level in February 2020.

Employment in **transportation and warehousing** was little changed in June (+11,000). Employment gains in warehousing and storage (+14,000), air transportation (+8,000), and truck transportation (+6,000) were partially offset by a loss in couriers and messengers (-24,000). Since February 2020, employment in transportation and warehousing is down by 94,000.

Construction employment changed little in June (-7,000). Over-the-month job losses in nonresidential specialty trade contractors (-15,000) and heavy and civil engineering construction (-11,000) were partially offset by a gain in residential specialty trade contractors (+13,000). Employment in construction is 238,000 lower than in February 2020.

In June, employment showed little change in other major industries, including **information, financial activities, and health care**.

Average hourly earnings for all employees on private nonfarm payrolls rose by 10 cents to \$30.40 in June, following increases in May and April (+13 cents and +20 cents, respectively). Average hourly earnings of private-sector **production and nonsupervisory employees** rose by 10 cents to \$25.68 in June. The data for recent months suggest that the rising demand for labor associated with the recovery from the pandemic may have put upward pressure on wages. However, because average hourly earnings vary widely across industries, the large employment fluctuations since February 2020 complicate the analysis of recent trends in average hourly earnings. (See tables B-3 and B-8.)

In June, the **average workweek for all employees** on private nonfarm payrolls decreased by 0.1 hour to 34.7 hours. In manufacturing, the average workweek fell by 0.2 hour to 40.2 hours, and overtime declined by 0.1 hour to 3.2 hours. The average workweek for **production and nonsupervisory employees** on private nonfarm payrolls declined by 0.2 hour to 34.1 hours. (See tables B-2 and B-7.)

The change in total nonfarm payroll employment for April was revised down by 9,000, from +278,000 to +269,000, and the change for May was revised up by 24,000, from +559,000 to +583,000. With these revisions, employment in April and May combined is 15,000 higher than previously reported. (Monthly revisions result from additional reports received from businesses and government agencies since the last published estimates and from the recalculation of seasonal factors.)

The Employment Situation for July is scheduled to be released on Friday, August 6, 2021, at 8:30 a.m. (ET).

Coronavirus (COVID-19) Impact on June 2021 Household and Establishment Survey Data

Data collection for both surveys was affected by the pandemic. In the establishment survey, more data continued to be collected by web than in months prior to the pandemic. In the household survey, for the safety of both interviewers and respondents, in-person interviews were conducted only when telephone interviews could not be done.

As in previous months, some workers affected by the pandemic who should have been classified as unemployed on temporary layoff were instead misclassified as employed but not at work. However, the share of responses that may have been misclassified was highest in the early months of the pandemic and has been considerably lower in recent months. Since March 2020, BLS has published an estimate of what the unemployment rate might have been had misclassified workers been included among the unemployed. Repeating this same approach, the seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in June 2021 would have been 0.2 percentage point higher than reported. However, this represents the upper bound of our estimate of misclassification and probably overstates the size of the misclassification error.

More information about the impact of the pandemic on the two surveys is available at www.bls.gov/covid19/employment-situation-covid19-faq-june-2021.htm.

**2021 Preliminary Benchmark Revision to Establishment Survey Data
to be released on August 18, 2021**

Each year, the establishment survey estimates are benchmarked to comprehensive counts of employment from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) for the month of March. These counts are derived from state unemployment insurance (UI) tax records that nearly all employers are required to file. At 10:00 a.m. (ET) on August 18, 2021, the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) will release the preliminary estimate of the upcoming annual benchmark revision to the establishment survey data. This is the same day that the first-quarter 2021 data from QCEW will be issued. Preliminary benchmark revisions for all major industry sectors, as well as total nonfarm and total private employment, will be available at www.bls.gov/web/empsit/cesprelbnk.htm.

The final benchmark revision will be issued with the publication of the January 2022 Employment Situation news release in February 2022.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Summary table A. Household data, seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Category	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021	June 2021	Change from: May 2021-June 2021
Employment status					
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	260,204	261,103	261,210	261,338	128
Civilian labor force.....	159,797	160,988	160,935	161,086	151
Participation rate.....	61.4	61.7	61.6	61.6	0.0
Employed.....	142,100	151,176	151,620	151,602	-18
Employment-population ratio.....	54.6	57.9	58.0	58.0	0.0
Unemployed.....	17,697	9,812	9,316	9,484	168
Unemployment rate.....	11.1	6.1	5.8	5.9	0.1
Not in labor force.....	100,407	100,115	100,275	100,253	-22
Unemployment rates					
Total, 16 years and over.....	11.1	6.1	5.8	5.9	0.1
Adult men (20 years and over).....	10.2	6.1	5.9	5.9	0.0
Adult women (20 years and over).....	11.3	5.6	5.4	5.5	0.1
Teenagers (16 to 19 years).....	22.6	12.3	9.6	9.9	0.3
White.....	10.1	5.3	5.1	5.2	0.1
Black or African American.....	15.3	9.7	9.1	9.2	0.1
Asian.....	13.9	5.7	5.5	5.8	0.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity.....	14.5	7.9	7.3	7.4	0.1
Total, 25 years and over.....	9.7	5.3	5.1	5.4	0.3
Less than a high school diploma.....	16.4	9.3	9.1	10.2	1.1
High school graduates, no college.....	12.2	6.9	6.8	7.0	0.2
Some college or associate degree.....	10.9	5.8	5.9	5.8	-0.1
Bachelor's degree and higher.....	6.9	3.5	3.2	3.5	0.3
Reason for unemployment					
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs.....	14,283	6,387	5,841	5,787	-54
Job leavers.....	571	824	778	942	164
Reentrants.....	2,334	2,072	2,149	2,298	149
New entrants.....	557	625	525	494	-31
Duration of unemployment					
Less than 5 weeks.....	2,853	2,414	2,023	1,981	-42
5 to 14 weeks.....	11,544	1,939	2,126	2,166	40
15 to 26 weeks.....	1,907	1,203	1,262	1,329	67
27 weeks and over.....	1,358	4,183	3,752	3,985	233
Employed persons at work part time					
Part time for economic reasons.....	9,038	5,243	5,271	4,627	-644
Slack work or business conditions.....	7,924	3,997	4,069	3,430	-639
Could only find part-time work.....	938	974	966	1,007	41
Part time for noneconomic reasons.....	17,067	19,057	19,160	20,337	1,177
Persons not in the labor force					
Marginally attached to the labor force.....	2,454	1,856	1,955	1,830	-125
Discouraged workers.....	678	565	600	617	17

NOTE: Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
Summary table B. Establishment data, seasonally adjusted

Category	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^p	June 2021 ^p
EMPLOYMENT BY SELECTED INDUSTRY (Over-the-month change, in thousands)				
Total nonfarm.....	4,846	269	583	850
Total private.....	4,807	226	516	662
Goods-producing.....	505	-41	19	20
Mining and logging.....	-4	3	2	12
Construction.....	167	-9	-22	-7
Manufacturing.....	342	-35	39	15
Durable goods ¹	271	-31	35	18
Motor vehicles and parts.....	187.1	-41.6	22.8	-12.3
Nondurable goods.....	71	-4	4	-3
Private service-providing.....	4,302	267	497	642
Wholesale trade.....	48.3	6.9	16.6	21.3
Retail trade.....	858.7	-22.0	26.7	67.1
Transportation and warehousing.....	96.7	-54.9	20.6	10.7
Utilities.....	-3.0	0.4	-0.9	0.0
Information.....	8	11	28	14
Financial activities.....	21	17	-3	-1
Professional and business services ¹	321	-79	36	72
Temporary help services.....	151.2	-122.3	-6.5	33.0
Education and health services ¹	564	23	59	59
Health care and social assistance.....	475.7	32.4	20.2	20.2
Leisure and hospitality.....	2,012	328	306	343
Other services.....	376	37	8	56
Government.....	39	43	67	188
(3-month average change, in thousands)				
Total nonfarm.....	-4,333	530	546	567
Total private.....	-3,860	524	489	468
WOMEN AND PRODUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES AS A PERCENT OF ALL EMPLOYEES ²				
Total nonfarm women employees.....	49.5	49.8	49.8	49.8
Total private women employees.....	48.1	48.4	48.4	48.4
Total private production and nonsupervisory employees.....	81.0	81.3	81.3	81.3
HOURS AND EARNINGS ALL EMPLOYEES				
Total private				
Average weekly hours.....	34.6	34.9	34.8	34.7
Average hourly earnings.....	\$29.35	\$30.17	\$30.30	\$30.40
Average weekly earnings.....	\$1,015.51	\$1,052.93	\$1,054.44	\$1,054.88
Index of aggregate weekly hours (2007=100) ³	101.2	107.5	107.7	107.9
Over-the-month percent change.....	4.0	0.2	0.2	0.2
Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2007=100) ⁴	142.0	155.1	156.0	156.9
Over-the-month percent change.....	2.7	0.8	0.6	0.6
DIFFUSION INDEX (Over 1-month span) ⁵				
Total private (257 industries).....	76.1	60.9	63.0	66.1
Manufacturing (75 industries).....	78.0	58.7	63.3	62.0

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.

² Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries.

³ The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate hours by the corresponding annual average aggregate hours.

⁴ The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate weekly payrolls by the corresponding annual average aggregate weekly payrolls.

⁵ Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment.

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NOTE: Data have been revised to reflect March 2020 benchmark levels and updated seasonal adjustment factors.

Frequently Asked Questions about Employment and Unemployment Estimates

1. Why are there two monthly measures of employment?

The household survey and establishment survey both produce sample-based estimates of employment, and both have strengths and limitations. The establishment survey employment series has a smaller margin of error on the measurement of month-to-month change than the household survey because of its much larger sample size. An over-the-month employment change of about 100,000 is statistically significant in the establishment survey, while the threshold for a statistically significant change in the household survey is about 500,000. However, the household survey has a more expansive scope than the establishment survey because it includes self-employed workers whose businesses are unincorporated, unpaid family workers, agricultural workers, and private household workers, who are excluded by the establishment survey. The household survey also provides estimates of employment for demographic groups. For more information on the differences between the two surveys, please visit www.bls.gov/web/empsit/ces_cps_trends.htm.

2. Are undocumented immigrants counted in the surveys?

It is likely that both surveys include at least some undocumented immigrants. However, neither the establishment nor the household survey is designed to identify the legal status of workers. Therefore, it is not possible to determine how many are counted in either survey. The establishment survey does not collect data on the legal status of workers. The household survey does include questions which identify the foreign and native born, but it does not include questions about the legal status of the foreign born. Data on the foreign and native born are published each month in table A-7 of The Employment Situation news release.

3. Why does the establishment survey have revisions?

The establishment survey revises published estimates to improve its data series by incorporating additional information that was not available at the time of the initial publication of the estimates. The establishment survey revises its initial monthly estimates twice, in the immediately succeeding 2 months, to incorporate additional sample receipts from respondents in the survey and recalculated seasonal adjustment factors. For more information on the monthly revisions, please visit www.bls.gov/web/empsit/cestn.htm#section7.

On an annual basis, the establishment survey incorporates a benchmark revision that re-anchors estimates to nearly complete employment counts available from unemployment insurance tax records. The benchmark helps to control for sampling and modeling errors in the estimates. For more information on the annual benchmark revision, please visit www.bls.gov/web/empsit/cesbmart.htm.

4. Does the establishment survey sample include small firms?

Yes; about 40 percent of the establishment survey sample is comprised of business establishments with fewer than 20 employees. The establishment survey sample is designed to maximize the reliability of the statewide total nonfarm employment estimate; firms from all states, size classes, and industries are appropriately sampled to achieve that goal.

5. Does the establishment survey account for employment from new businesses?

Yes; monthly establishment survey estimates include an adjustment to account for the net employment change generated by business births and deaths. The adjustment comes from an econometric model that forecasts the monthly net jobs impact of business births and deaths based on the actual past values of the net impact that can be observed with a lag from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. The establishment survey uses modeling rather than sampling for this purpose because the survey is not immediately able to bring new businesses into the sample. There is an unavoidable lag between the birth of a new firm and its appearance on the sampling frame and availability for selection. BLS adds new businesses to the survey twice a year.

6. Is the count of unemployed persons limited to just those people receiving unemployment insurance benefits?

No; the estimate of unemployment is based on a monthly sample survey of households. All persons who are without jobs and are actively seeking and available to work are included among the unemployed. (People on temporary layoff are included even if they do not actively seek work.) There is no requirement or question relating to unemployment insurance benefits in the monthly survey.

7. Does the official unemployment rate exclude people who want a job but are not currently looking for work?

Yes; however, there are separate estimates of persons outside the labor force who want a job, including those who are not currently looking because they believe no jobs are available (discouraged workers). In addition, alternative measures of labor underutilization (some of which include discouraged workers and other groups not officially counted as unemployed) are published each month in table A-15 of The Employment Situation news release. For more information about these alternative measures, please visit www.bls.gov/cps/lfcharacteristics.htm#altmeasures.

8. How can unusually severe weather affect employment and hours estimates?

In the establishment survey, the reference period is the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Unusually severe weather is more likely to have an impact on average weekly hours than on employment. Average weekly hours are estimated for paid time during the pay period, including pay for holidays, sick leave, or other time off. The impact of severe weather on hours estimates typically, but not always, results in a reduction in average weekly hours. For example, some employees may be off work for part of the pay period and not receive pay for the time missed, while some workers, such as those dealing with cleanup or repair, may work extra hours.

Typically, it is not possible to precisely quantify the effect of extreme weather on payroll employment estimates. In order for severe weather conditions to reduce employment estimates, employees have to be off work without pay for the entire pay period. Employees who receive pay for any part of the pay period, even 1 hour, are counted in the payroll employment figures. For more information on how often employees are paid, please visit www.bls.gov/opub/btn/volume-3/how-frequently-do-private-businesses-pay-workers.htm.

In the household survey, the reference period is generally the calendar week that includes the 12th of the month. Persons who miss the entire week's work for weather-related events are counted as employed whether or not they are paid for the time off. The household survey collects data on the number of persons who had a job but were not at work due to bad weather. It also provides a measure of the number of persons who usually work full time but had reduced hours due to bad weather. Current and historical data are available on the household survey's most requested statistics page, please visit data.bls.gov/cgi-bin/surveymost?ln.

Technical Note

This news release presents statistics from two major surveys, the Current Population Survey (CPS; household survey) and the Current Employment Statistics survey (CES; establishment survey). The household survey provides information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment that appears in the "A" tables, marked HOUSEHOLD DATA. It is a sample survey of about 60,000 eligible households conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

The establishment survey provides information on employment, hours, and earnings of employees on nonfarm payrolls; the data appear in the "B" tables, marked ESTABLISHMENT DATA. BLS collects these data each month from the payroll records of a sample of nonagricultural business establishments. Each month the CES program surveys about 144,000 businesses and government agencies, representing approximately 697,000 individual worksites, in order to provide detailed industry data on employment, hours, and earnings of workers on nonfarm payrolls. The active sample includes approximately one-third of all nonfarm payroll jobs.

For both surveys, the data for a given month relate to a particular week or pay period. In the household survey, the reference period is generally the calendar week that contains the 12th day of the month. In the establishment survey, the reference period is the pay period including the 12th, which may or may not correspond directly to the calendar week.

Coverage, definitions, and differences between surveys

Household survey. The sample is selected to reflect the entire civilian noninstitutional population. Based on responses to a series of questions on work and job search activities, each person 16 years and over in a sample household is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force.

People are classified as *employed* if they did any work at all as paid employees during the reference week; worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm; or worked without pay at least 15 hours in a family business or farm. People are also counted as employed if they were temporarily absent from their jobs because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or personal reasons.

People are classified as *unemployed* if they meet all of the following criteria: they had no employment during the reference week; they were available for work at that time; and they made specific active efforts to find employment sometime during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons laid off from a job and expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The unemployment data derived from the household survey in no way depend upon the eligibility for or receipt of unemployment insurance benefits.

The *civilian labor force* is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. Those persons not classified as employed or unemployed are *not in the labor force*. The

unemployment rate is the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force. The *labor force participation rate* is the labor force as a percent of the population, and the *employment-population ratio* is the employed as a percent of the population. Additional information about the household survey can be found at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm.

Establishment survey. The sample establishments are drawn from private nonfarm businesses such as factories, offices, and stores, as well as from federal, state, and local government entities. *Employees on nonfarm payrolls* are those who worked or received pay for any part of the reference pay period, including persons on paid leave. Persons are counted in each job they hold. *Hours and earnings* data are produced for the private sector for all employees and for production and nonsupervisory employees. *Production and nonsupervisory* employees are defined as production and related employees in manufacturing and mining and logging, construction workers in construction, and non-supervisory employees in private service-providing industries.

Industries are classified on the basis of an establishment's principal activity in accordance with the 2017 version of the North American Industry Classification System. Additional information about the establishment survey can be found at www.bls.gov/ces/.

Differences in employment estimates. The numerous conceptual and methodological differences between the household and establishment surveys result in important distinctions in the employment estimates derived from the surveys. Among these are:

- The household survey includes agricultural workers, self-employed workers whose businesses are unincorporated, unpaid family workers, and private household workers among the employed. These groups are excluded from the establishment survey.
- The household survey includes people on unpaid leave among the employed. The establishment survey does not.
- The household survey is limited to workers 16 years of age and older. The establishment survey is not limited by age.
- The household survey has no duplication of individuals, because individuals are counted only once, even if they hold more than one job. In the establishment survey, employees working at more than one job and thus appearing on more than one payroll are counted separately for each appearance.

Seasonal adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the nation's labor force and the levels of employment and unemployment undergo regularly occurring fluctuations. These events may result from seasonal changes in weather, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. The effect of such seasonal variation can be very large.

Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on the level of a series can be tempered by adjusting for regular seasonal variation. These adjustments make nonseasonal developments, such as declines in employment or increases in the participation of women in the labor force, easier to spot. For example, in the household survey, the large number of youth entering the labor force each June is likely to obscure any other changes that have taken place relative to May, making it difficult to determine if the level of economic activity has risen or declined. Similarly, in the establishment survey, payroll employment in education declines by about 20 percent at the end of the spring term and later rises with the start of the fall term, obscuring the underlying employment trends in the industry. Because seasonal employment changes at the end and beginning of the school year can be estimated, the statistics can be adjusted to make underlying employment patterns more discernable. The seasonally adjusted figures provide a more useful tool with which to analyze changes in month-to-month economic activity.

Many seasonally adjusted series are independently adjusted in both the household and establishment surveys. However, the adjusted series for many major estimates, such as total payroll employment, employment in most major sectors, total employment, and unemployment are computed by aggregating independently adjusted component series. For example, total unemployment is derived by summing the adjusted series for four major age-sex components; this differs from the unemployment estimate that would be obtained by directly adjusting the total or by combining the duration, reasons, or more detailed age categories. Percentage distributions of unemployment by reason and duration are derived from the sum of the independently seasonally adjusted component series, and will not necessarily match calculations made using the seasonally adjusted total unemployment level. Additional information about seasonal adjustment in the household survey can be found at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#sa.

For both the household and establishment surveys, a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology is used in which new seasonal factors are calculated each month using all relevant data, up to and including the data for the current month. In the household survey, new seasonal factors are used to adjust only the current month's data. In the establishment survey, however, new seasonal factors are used each month to adjust the three most recent monthly estimates. The prior 2 months are routinely revised to incorporate additional sample reports and recalculated seasonal adjustment factors. In both surveys, 5-year revisions to historical data are made once a year.

Reliability of the estimates

Statistics based on the household and establishment surveys are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the true population values they represent. The component of this difference that occurs because samples differ by chance is known as *sampling error*, and its variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the true population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence.

For example, the confidence interval for the monthly change in total nonfarm employment from the establishment survey is on the order of plus or minus 110,000. Suppose the estimate of nonfarm employment increases by 50,000 from one month to the next. The 90-percent confidence interval on the monthly change would range from -60,000 to +160,000 (50,000 +/- 110,000). These figures do not mean that the sample results are off by these magnitudes, but rather that there is about a 90-percent chance that the true over-the-month change lies within this interval. Since this range includes values of less than zero, we could not say with confidence that nonfarm employment had, in fact, increased that month. If, however, the reported nonfarm employment rise was 250,000, then all of the values within the 90-percent confidence interval would be greater than zero. In this case, it is likely (at least a 90-percent chance) that nonfarm employment had, in fact, risen that month. At an unemployment rate of around 6.0 percent, the 90-percent confidence interval for the monthly change in unemployment as measured by the household survey is about +/- 300,000, and for the monthly change in the unemployment rate it is about +/- 0.2 percentage point.

In general, estimates involving many individuals or establishments have lower standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) than estimates which are based on a small number of observations. The precision of estimates also is improved when the data are cumulated over time, such as for quarterly and annual averages.

The household and establishment surveys are also affected by *nonsampling error*, which can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information on a timely basis, mistakes made by respondents, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data.

For example, in the establishment survey, estimates for the most recent 2 months are based on incomplete returns; for this reason, these estimates are labeled preliminary in the tables. It is only after two successive revisions to a monthly estimate, when nearly all sample reports have been received, that the estimate is considered final.

Another major source of nonsampling error in the establishment survey is the inability to capture, on a timely

basis, employment generated by new firms. To correct for this systematic underestimation of employment growth, an estimation procedure with two components is used to account for business births. The first component excludes employment losses from business deaths from sample-based estimation in order to offset the missing employment gains from business births. This is incorporated into the sample-based estimation procedure by simply not reflecting sample units going out of business, but imputing to them the same employment trend as the other firms in the sample. This procedure accounts for most of the net birth/death employment.

The second component is an ARIMA time series model designed to estimate the residual net birth/death employment not accounted for by the imputation. The historical time series used to create and test the ARIMA model was derived from the unemployment insurance universe micro-level database, and reflects the actual residual net of births and deaths over the past 5 years.

The sample-based estimates from the establishment survey are adjusted once a year (on a lagged basis) to universe counts of payroll employment obtained from administrative records of the unemployment insurance program. The difference between the March sample-based employment estimates and the March universe counts is known as a benchmark revision, and serves as a rough proxy for total survey error. The new benchmarks also incorporate changes in the classification of industries. Over the past decade, absolute benchmark revisions for total nonfarm employment have averaged 0.2 percent, with a range from -0.7 percent to 0.3 percent.

Other information

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-1. Employment status of the civilian population by sex and age

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status, sex, and age	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted ¹					
	June 2020	May 2021	June 2021	June 2020	Feb. 2021	Mar. 2021	Apr. 2021	May 2021	June 2021
TOTAL									
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	260,204	261,210	261,338	260,204	260,918	261,003	261,103	261,210	261,338
Civilian labor force.....	160,883	160,607	162,167	159,797	160,211	160,558	160,988	160,935	161,086
Participation rate.....	61.8	61.5	62.1	61.4	61.4	61.5	61.7	61.6	61.6
Employed.....	142,811	151,778	152,283	142,100	150,239	150,848	151,176	151,620	151,602
Employment-population ratio.....	54.9	58.1	58.3	54.6	57.6	57.8	57.9	58.0	58.0
Unemployed.....	18,072	8,829	9,883	17,697	9,972	9,710	9,812	9,316	9,484
Unemployment rate.....	11.2	5.5	6.1	11.1	6.2	6.0	6.1	5.8	5.9
Not in labor force.....	99,321	100,603	99,172	100,407	100,708	100,445	100,115	100,275	100,253
Persons who currently want a job.....	8,633	7,087	6,869	8,136	6,933	6,850	6,647	6,600	6,428
Men, 16 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	125,860	126,369	126,434	125,860	126,224	126,266	126,316	126,369	126,434
Civilian labor force.....	85,429	85,329	86,227	84,577	85,061	84,917	85,410	85,210	85,320
Participation rate.....	67.9	67.5	68.2	67.2	67.4	67.3	67.6	67.4	67.5
Employed.....	76,425	80,430	80,994	75,656	79,666	79,681	80,017	80,062	80,176
Employment-population ratio.....	60.7	63.6	64.1	60.1	63.1	63.1	63.3	63.4	63.4
Unemployed.....	9,004	4,899	5,233	8,921	5,395	5,236	5,394	5,148	5,144
Unemployment rate.....	10.5	5.7	6.1	10.5	6.3	6.2	6.3	6.0	6.0
Not in labor force.....	40,431	41,040	40,206	41,283	41,163	41,349	40,905	41,159	41,114
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	117,492	118,059	118,125	117,492	117,902	117,949	118,003	118,059	118,125
Civilian labor force.....	82,203	82,394	82,756	81,922	82,095	81,978	82,333	82,182	82,414
Participation rate.....	70.0	69.8	70.1	69.7	69.6	69.5	69.8	69.6	69.8
Employed.....	74,002	77,786	77,978	73,605	77,193	77,194	77,348	77,340	77,545
Employment-population ratio.....	63.0	65.9	66.0	62.6	65.5	65.4	65.5	65.5	65.6
Unemployed.....	8,201	4,608	4,778	8,317	4,902	4,784	4,985	4,842	4,869
Unemployment rate.....	10.0	5.6	5.8	10.2	6.0	5.8	6.1	5.9	5.9
Not in labor force.....	35,289	35,665	35,369	35,570	35,807	35,972	35,670	35,877	35,711
Women, 16 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	134,344	134,841	134,905	134,344	134,694	134,737	134,787	134,841	134,905
Civilian labor force.....	75,454	75,277	75,939	75,220	75,149	75,641	75,577	75,725	75,766
Participation rate.....	56.2	55.8	56.3	56.0	55.8	56.1	56.1	56.2	56.2
Employed.....	66,386	71,348	71,289	66,444	70,572	71,167	71,159	71,557	71,426
Employment-population ratio.....	49.4	52.9	52.8	49.5	52.4	52.8	52.8	53.1	52.9
Unemployed.....	9,068	3,929	4,650	8,776	4,577	4,474	4,418	4,168	4,340
Unemployment rate.....	12.0	5.2	6.1	11.7	6.1	5.9	5.8	5.5	5.7
Not in labor force.....	58,890	59,563	58,965	59,124	59,545	59,096	59,210	59,116	59,139
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	126,155	126,704	126,770	126,155	126,546	126,594	126,648	126,704	126,770
Civilian labor force.....	72,214	72,323	72,544	72,479	72,173	72,668	72,503	72,707	72,855
Participation rate.....	57.2	57.1	57.2	57.5	57.0	57.4	57.2	57.4	57.5
Employed.....	63,925	68,664	68,353	64,321	67,928	68,513	68,430	68,811	68,817
Employment-population ratio.....	50.7	54.2	53.9	51.0	53.7	54.1	54.0	54.3	54.3
Unemployed.....	8,289	3,659	4,191	8,158	4,245	4,155	4,073	3,895	4,038
Unemployment rate.....	11.5	5.1	5.8	11.3	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.5
Not in labor force.....	53,940	54,381	54,226	53,676	54,373	53,926	54,145	53,998	53,915
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	16,557	16,446	16,443	16,557	16,470	16,460	16,451	16,446	16,443
Civilian labor force.....	6,466	5,889	6,867	5,396	5,942	5,913	6,152	6,046	5,817
Participation rate.....	39.1	35.8	41.8	32.6	36.1	35.9	37.4	36.8	35.4
Employed.....	4,884	5,327	5,952	4,174	5,118	5,142	5,398	5,468	5,240
Employment-population ratio.....	29.5	32.4	36.2	25.2	31.1	31.2	32.8	33.2	31.9
Unemployed.....	1,582	562	915	1,222	825	771	754	578	577
Unemployment rate.....	24.5	9.5	13.3	22.6	13.9	13.0	12.3	9.6	9.9
Not in labor force.....	10,092	10,558	9,577	11,161	10,528	10,547	10,300	10,400	10,626

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-2. Employment status of the civilian population by race, sex, and age

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status, race, sex, and age	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted ¹					
	June 2020	May 2021	June 2021	June 2020	Feb. 2021	Mar. 2021	Apr. 2021	May 2021	June 2021
WHITE									
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	201,233	201,743	201,814	201,233	201,606	201,642	201,687	201,743	201,814
Civilian labor force.....	124,744	123,766	124,582	123,991	123,737	123,819	123,964	123,897	123,800
Participation rate.....	62.0	61.3	61.7	61.6	61.4	61.4	61.5	61.4	61.3
Employed.....	112,020	117,808	117,832	111,527	116,859	117,166	117,358	117,553	117,320
Employment-population ratio.....	55.7	58.4	58.4	55.4	58.0	58.1	58.2	58.3	58.1
Unemployed.....	12,725	5,958	6,750	12,464	6,878	6,653	6,606	6,344	6,480
Unemployment rate.....	10.2	4.8	5.4	10.1	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.1	5.2
Not in labor force.....	76,488	77,976	77,231	77,241	77,869	77,823	77,723	77,845	78,013
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force.....	64,888	64,589	64,695	64,708	64,434	64,289	64,593	64,492	64,478
Participation rate.....	70.3	69.8	69.9	70.1	69.7	69.5	69.8	69.7	69.6
Employed.....	59,214	61,508	61,446	58,918	60,989	60,935	61,155	61,182	61,122
Employment-population ratio.....	64.2	66.5	66.4	63.9	66.0	65.9	66.1	66.1	66.0
Unemployed.....	5,674	3,082	3,250	5,791	3,446	3,353	3,439	3,311	3,357
Unemployment rate.....	8.7	4.8	5.0	8.9	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.1	5.2
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force.....	54,800	54,564	54,558	55,066	54,599	54,911	54,603	54,698	54,800
Participation rate.....	56.6	56.2	56.1	56.9	56.3	56.6	56.2	56.3	56.4
Employed.....	48,957	52,105	51,697	49,352	51,782	52,155	51,965	52,079	52,084
Employment-population ratio.....	50.6	53.6	53.2	51.0	53.4	53.7	53.5	53.6	53.6
Unemployed.....	5,843	2,459	2,860	5,714	2,817	2,756	2,638	2,618	2,716
Unemployment rate.....	10.7	4.5	5.2	10.4	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.8	5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force.....	5,056	4,613	5,329	4,217	4,704	4,619	4,768	4,707	4,522
Participation rate.....	41.6	38.2	44.2	34.7	38.9	38.2	39.5	39.0	37.5
Employed.....	3,848	4,196	4,689	3,257	4,088	4,076	4,238	4,292	4,114
Employment-population ratio.....	31.7	34.8	38.9	26.8	33.8	33.7	35.1	35.6	34.1
Unemployed.....	1,208	417	640	960	616	543	530	415	408
Unemployment rate.....	23.9	9.0	12.0	22.8	13.1	11.8	11.1	8.8	9.0
BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN									
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	33,323	33,572	33,595	33,323	33,511	33,530	33,551	33,572	33,595
Civilian labor force.....	20,134	20,409	20,846	20,009	20,154	20,362	20,544	20,439	20,679
Participation rate.....	60.4	60.8	62.1	60.0	60.1	60.7	61.2	60.9	61.6
Employed.....	17,019	18,603	18,881	16,939	18,159	18,412	18,546	18,584	18,769
Employment-population ratio.....	51.1	55.4	56.2	50.8	54.2	54.9	55.3	55.4	55.9
Unemployed.....	3,115	1,806	1,966	3,069	1,995	1,951	1,998	1,854	1,910
Unemployment rate.....	15.5	8.8	9.4	15.3	9.9	9.6	9.7	9.1	9.2
Not in labor force.....	13,189	13,163	12,749	13,314	13,357	13,168	13,007	13,133	12,916
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force.....	9,204	9,469	9,678	9,146	9,340	9,430	9,465	9,460	9,607
Participation rate.....	65.5	66.8	68.2	65.1	66.0	66.6	66.8	66.7	67.7
Employed.....	7,752	8,550	8,733	7,677	8,383	8,501	8,498	8,533	8,648
Employment-population ratio.....	55.2	60.3	61.5	54.7	59.2	60.0	59.9	60.1	60.9
Unemployed.....	1,453	920	945	1,469	957	928	967	927	958
Unemployment rate.....	15.8	9.7	9.8	16.1	10.2	9.8	10.2	9.8	10.0
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force.....	10,082	10,260	10,335	10,125	10,127	10,181	10,315	10,293	10,358
Participation rate.....	59.8	60.4	60.8	60.0	59.7	60.0	60.7	60.6	60.9
Employed.....	8,661	9,467	9,445	8,694	9,225	9,294	9,429	9,448	9,473
Employment-population ratio.....	51.4	55.7	55.5	51.6	54.4	54.8	55.5	55.6	55.7
Unemployed.....	1,422	793	889	1,431	902	887	887	844	886
Unemployment rate.....	14.1	7.7	8.6	14.1	8.9	8.7	8.6	8.2	8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force.....	848	679	833	737	687	752	764	686	714
Participation rate.....	35.1	28.4	34.9	30.5	28.7	31.4	32.0	28.7	29.9
Employed.....	607	587	702	568	551	616	620	603	648
Employment-population ratio.....	25.1	24.6	29.4	23.5	23.0	25.7	25.9	25.2	27.1
Unemployed.....	241	92	131	169	136	136	144	83	67
Unemployment rate.....	28.4	13.6	15.7	22.9	19.8	18.1	18.9	12.1	9.3

See footnotes at end of table.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-2. Employment status of the civilian population by race, sex, and age — Continued

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status, race, sex, and age	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted ¹					
	June 2020	May 2021	June 2021	June 2020	Feb. 2021	Mar. 2021	Apr. 2021	May 2021	June 2021
ASIAN									
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	16,471	16,529	16,428	16,471	16,588	16,532	16,532	16,529	16,428
Civilian labor force.....	10,202	10,401	10,465	10,114	10,315	10,422	10,375	10,471	10,387
Participation rate.....	61.9	62.9	63.7	61.4	62.2	63.0	62.8	63.4	63.2
Employed.....	8,786	9,834	9,851	8,708	9,792	9,799	9,786	9,890	9,789
Employment-population ratio.....	53.3	59.5	60.0	52.9	59.0	59.3	59.2	59.8	59.6
Unemployed.....	1,416	567	613	1,406	523	623	589	581	598
Unemployment rate.....	13.9	5.5	5.9	13.9	5.1	6.0	5.7	5.5	5.8
Not in labor force.....	6,269	6,128	5,964	6,356	6,273	6,110	6,157	6,057	6,042

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups will not sum to totals shown in table A-1 because data are not presented for all races. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-3. Employment status of the Hispanic or Latino population by sex and age

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status, sex, and age	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted ¹					
	June 2020	May 2021	June 2021	June 2020	Feb. 2021	Mar. 2021	Apr. 2021	May 2021	June 2021
HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY									
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	44,132	44,786	44,857	44,132	44,587	44,651	44,719	44,786	44,857
Civilian labor force.....	29,006	29,076	29,442	28,864	29,174	29,273	29,199	29,243	29,367
Participation rate.....	65.7	64.9	65.6	65.4	65.4	65.6	65.3	65.3	65.5
Employed.....	24,794	27,105	27,280	24,686	26,701	26,975	26,889	27,110	27,183
Employment-population ratio.....	56.2	60.5	60.8	55.9	59.9	60.4	60.1	60.5	60.6
Unemployed.....	4,212	1,971	2,162	4,178	2,473	2,298	2,310	2,133	2,184
Unemployment rate.....	14.5	6.8	7.3	14.5	8.5	7.9	7.9	7.3	7.4
Not in labor force.....	15,126	15,709	15,415	15,268	15,413	15,378	15,520	15,543	15,490
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force.....	15,604	16,035	16,034	15,589	15,952	16,007	16,086	16,079	16,068
Participation rate.....	78.3	79.2	79.1	78.2	79.2	79.3	79.6	79.5	79.3
Employed.....	13,654	15,063	15,060	13,604	14,727	14,804	14,882	15,006	15,005
Employment-population ratio.....	68.5	74.4	74.3	68.3	73.1	73.4	73.6	74.1	74.0
Unemployed.....	1,950	972	974	1,985	1,224	1,203	1,204	1,073	1,063
Unemployment rate.....	12.5	6.1	6.1	12.7	7.7	7.5	7.5	6.7	6.6
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force.....	11,969	11,848	12,067	11,965	11,794	11,909	11,790	11,928	12,071
Participation rate.....	59.3	57.8	58.7	59.3	57.8	58.3	57.6	58.2	58.8
Employed.....	10,125	11,006	11,099	10,128	10,792	11,035	10,909	11,043	11,111
Employment-population ratio.....	50.1	53.7	54.0	50.2	52.9	54.0	53.3	53.8	54.1
Unemployed.....	1,844	842	968	1,838	1,002	874	881	884	959
Unemployment rate.....	15.4	7.1	8.0	15.4	8.5	7.3	7.5	7.4	7.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force.....	1,434	1,194	1,341	1,309	1,428	1,356	1,323	1,236	1,228
Participation rate.....	35.7	29.6	33.2	32.6	35.4	33.6	32.8	30.6	30.4
Employed.....	1,016	1,037	1,121	954	1,182	1,135	1,098	1,061	1,066
Employment-population ratio.....	25.3	25.7	27.7	23.8	29.3	28.2	27.2	26.3	26.4
Unemployed.....	418	157	220	355	247	221	225	175	162
Unemployment rate.....	29.1	13.1	16.4	27.1	17.3	16.3	17.0	14.2	13.2

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

NOTE: Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-4. Employment status of the civilian population 25 years and over by educational attainment

[Numbers in thousands]

Educational attainment	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	June 2020	May 2021	June 2021	June 2020	Feb. 2021	Mar. 2021	Apr. 2021	May 2021	June 2021
Less than a high school diploma									
Civilian labor force.....	8,537	8,911	9,286	8,401	8,942	8,936	9,020	8,790	9,142
Participation rate.....	43.9	43.4	44.8	43.2	45.9	44.4	44.2	42.8	44.1
Employed.....	7,218	8,181	8,404	7,025	8,035	8,204	8,185	7,993	8,210
Employment-population ratio.....	37.1	39.8	40.5	36.1	41.2	40.8	40.1	38.9	39.6
Unemployed.....	1,319	730	882	1,377	907	731	835	797	932
Unemployment rate.....	15.4	8.2	9.5	16.4	10.1	8.2	9.3	9.1	10.2
High school graduates, no college¹									
Civilian labor force.....	33,324	34,921	34,644	33,693	34,462	34,278	34,704	34,930	34,972
Participation rate.....	54.8	55.5	55.4	55.4	54.7	54.8	55.3	55.5	55.9
Employed.....	29,355	32,661	32,306	29,591	31,977	31,984	32,307	32,543	32,517
Employment-population ratio.....	48.3	51.9	51.7	48.7	50.8	51.1	51.5	51.7	52.0
Unemployed.....	3,969	2,260	2,338	4,102	2,485	2,295	2,397	2,388	2,455
Unemployment rate.....	11.9	6.5	6.7	12.2	7.2	6.7	6.9	6.8	7.0
Some college or associate degree									
Civilian labor force.....	36,615	35,811	36,103	36,660	35,450	35,771	35,485	35,917	36,079
Participation rate.....	63.8	63.2	63.1	63.8	62.7	63.3	63.0	63.4	63.1
Employed.....	32,643	33,812	34,000	32,675	33,360	33,677	33,422	33,808	33,970
Employment-population ratio.....	56.9	59.7	59.4	56.9	59.0	59.6	59.3	59.7	59.4
Unemployed.....	3,972	1,999	2,103	3,985	2,089	2,094	2,063	2,108	2,109
Unemployment rate.....	10.8	5.6	5.8	10.9	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.8
Bachelor's degree and higher²									
Civilian labor force.....	61,339	60,493	60,014	61,743	60,744	60,835	60,804	60,727	60,483
Participation rate.....	72.1	72.2	71.8	72.6	71.8	72.0	72.2	72.5	72.3
Employed.....	57,043	58,715	57,872	57,487	58,417	58,612	58,662	58,802	58,392
Employment-population ratio.....	67.1	70.1	69.2	67.6	69.1	69.4	69.6	70.2	69.8
Unemployed.....	4,296	1,779	2,142	4,257	2,327	2,224	2,142	1,925	2,091
Unemployment rate.....	7.0	2.9	3.6	6.9	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.2	3.5

¹ Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.

² Includes persons with bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral degrees.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals for those 25 years and over because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-5. Employment status of the civilian population 18 years and over by veteran status, period of service, and sex, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status, veteran status, and period of service	Total		Men		Women	
	June 2020	June 2021	June 2020	June 2021	June 2020	June 2021
VETERANS, 18 years and over						
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	18,485	18,820	16,582	16,808	1,903	2,012
Civilian labor force.....	9,009	9,156	7,962	8,033	1,047	1,122
Participation rate.....	48.7	48.6	48.0	47.8	55.0	55.8
Employed.....	8,233	8,719	7,286	7,659	947	1,060
Employment-population ratio.....	44.5	46.3	43.9	45.6	49.7	52.7
Unemployed.....	776	437	675	375	101	62
Unemployment rate.....	8.6	4.8	8.5	4.7	9.6	5.5
Not in labor force.....	9,476	9,664	8,620	8,775	856	890
Gulf War-era II veterans						
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	4,634	4,821	3,886	4,001	748	820
Civilian labor force.....	3,665	3,780	3,175	3,255	490	524
Participation rate.....	79.1	78.4	81.7	81.4	65.5	64.0
Employed.....	3,288	3,582	2,865	3,108	423	475
Employment-population ratio.....	70.9	74.3	73.7	77.7	56.6	57.9
Unemployed.....	378	197	311	147	67	50
Unemployment rate.....	10.3	5.2	9.8	4.5	13.7	9.5
Not in labor force.....	969	1,041	711	746	258	295
Gulf War-era I veterans						
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	2,922	3,155	2,408	2,639	514	516
Civilian labor force.....	2,117	2,371	1,796	2,007	322	364
Participation rate.....	72.5	75.2	74.6	76.1	62.6	70.5
Employed.....	1,990	2,296	1,689	1,932	301	364
Employment-population ratio.....	68.1	72.8	70.1	73.2	58.6	70.5
Unemployed.....	127	75	107	75	21	0
Unemployment rate.....	6.0	3.2	6.0	3.7	6.4	0.0
Not in labor force.....	804	784	612	632	192	152
World War II, Korean War, and Vietnam-era veterans						
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	6,842	6,706	6,603	6,446	239	260
Civilian labor force.....	1,278	1,076	1,240	1,034	38	42
Participation rate.....	18.7	16.0	18.8	16.0	15.8	16.1
Employed.....	1,171	1,011	1,139	969	32	42
Employment-population ratio.....	17.1	15.1	17.3	15.0	13.5	16.1
Unemployed.....	107	65	101	65	5	0
Unemployment rate.....	8.3	6.1	8.2	6.3	-	-
Not in labor force.....	5,564	5,630	5,363	5,412	201	218
Veterans of other service periods						
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	4,087	4,138	3,685	3,722	402	416
Civilian labor force.....	1,948	1,929	1,750	1,737	198	192
Participation rate.....	47.7	46.6	47.5	46.7	49.1	46.1
Employed.....	1,784	1,830	1,594	1,650	190	180
Employment-population ratio.....	43.6	44.2	43.2	44.3	47.3	43.2
Unemployed.....	164	99	157	87	7	12
Unemployment rate.....	8.4	5.1	9.0	5.0	3.7	6.4
Not in labor force.....	2,139	2,209	1,935	1,985	204	224
NONVETERANS, 18 years and over						
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	233,074	234,093	104,923	105,384	128,152	128,710
Civilian labor force.....	149,478	150,427	76,323	76,884	73,155	73,543
Participation rate.....	64.1	64.3	72.7	73.0	57.1	57.1
Employed.....	132,834	141,367	68,261	72,229	64,573	69,138
Employment-population ratio.....	57.0	60.4	65.1	68.5	50.4	53.7
Unemployed.....	16,644	9,060	8,062	4,655	8,582	4,405
Unemployment rate.....	11.1	6.0	10.6	6.1	11.7	6.0
Not in labor force.....	83,596	83,667	28,600	28,500	54,997	55,167

NOTE: Veterans served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces and were not on active duty at the time of the survey. Nonveterans never served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces. Veterans could have served anywhere in the world during these periods of service: Gulf War era II (September 2001-present), Gulf War era I (August 1990-August 2001), Vietnam era (August 1964-April 1975), Korean War (July 1950-January 1955), World War II (December 1941-December 1946), and other service periods (all other time periods). Veterans who served in more than one wartime period are classified only in the most recent one. Veterans who served during one of the selected wartime periods and another period are classified only in the wartime period. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 75,000). Updated population controls introduced with the release of January 2021 data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-6. Employment status of the civilian population by sex, age, and disability status, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status, sex, and age	Persons with a disability		Persons with no disability	
	June 2020	June 2021	June 2020	June 2021
TOTAL, 16 years and over				
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	29,652	31,794	230,552	229,544
Civilian labor force.....	6,228	6,767	154,656	155,400
Participation rate.....	21.0	21.3	67.1	67.7
Employed.....	5,201	6,027	137,610	146,257
Employment-population ratio.....	17.5	19.0	59.7	63.7
Unemployed.....	1,026	740	17,046	9,143
Unemployment rate.....	16.5	10.9	11.0	5.9
Not in labor force.....	23,424	25,027	75,897	74,144
Men, 16 to 64 years				
Civilian labor force.....	2,687	2,929	76,948	77,486
Participation rate.....	36.4	37.6	81.9	82.9
Employed.....	2,244	2,561	68,941	72,934
Employment-population ratio.....	30.4	32.9	73.3	78.1
Unemployed.....	443	369	8,008	4,552
Unemployment rate.....	16.5	12.6	10.4	5.9
Not in labor force.....	4,686	4,861	17,055	15,929
Women, 16 to 64 years				
Civilian labor force.....	2,339	2,741	68,619	68,591
Participation rate.....	32.3	33.3	70.6	71.6
Employed.....	1,908	2,485	60,541	64,482
Employment-population ratio.....	26.4	30.1	62.3	67.3
Unemployed.....	431	256	8,078	4,109
Unemployment rate.....	18.4	9.3	11.8	6.0
Not in labor force.....	4,901	5,503	28,508	27,236
Both sexes, 65 years and over				
Civilian labor force.....	1,201	1,097	9,088	9,323
Participation rate.....	8.0	7.0	23.1	23.1
Employed.....	1,050	981	8,128	8,841
Employment-population ratio.....	7.0	6.2	20.6	21.9
Unemployed.....	151	116	960	482
Unemployment rate.....	12.6	10.6	10.6	5.2
Not in labor force.....	13,837	14,663	30,334	30,979

NOTE: A person with a disability has at least one of the following conditions: is deaf or has serious difficulty hearing; is blind or has serious difficulty seeing even when wearing glasses; has serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition; has serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs; has difficulty dressing or bathing; or has difficulty doing errands alone such as visiting a doctor's office or shopping because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-7. Employment status of the civilian population by nativity and sex, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status and nativity	Total		Men		Women	
	June 2020	June 2021	June 2020	June 2021	June 2020	June 2021
Foreign born, 16 years and over						
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	42,198	42,796	20,107	20,655	22,090	22,141
Civilian labor force.....	26,823	27,653	15,193	15,762	11,630	11,891
Participation rate.....	63.6	64.6	75.6	76.3	52.6	53.7
Employed.....	23,130	26,059	13,312	14,966	9,818	11,093
Employment-population ratio.....	54.8	60.9	66.2	72.5	44.4	50.1
Unemployed.....	3,693	1,594	1,881	796	1,812	798
Unemployment rate.....	13.8	5.8	12.4	5.0	15.6	6.7
Not in labor force.....	15,374	15,143	4,914	4,893	10,460	10,250
Native born, 16 years and over						
Civilian noninstitutional population.....	218,007	218,542	105,753	105,779	112,254	112,763
Civilian labor force.....	134,060	134,514	70,236	70,466	63,824	64,048
Participation rate.....	61.5	61.6	66.4	66.6	56.9	56.8
Employed.....	119,681	126,224	63,113	66,028	56,567	60,196
Employment-population ratio.....	54.9	57.8	59.7	62.4	50.4	53.4
Unemployed.....	14,379	8,290	7,123	4,437	7,257	3,852
Unemployment rate.....	10.7	6.2	10.1	6.3	11.4	6.0
Not in labor force.....	83,947	84,028	35,517	35,313	48,430	48,715

NOTE: The foreign born are those residing in the United States who were not U.S. citizens at birth. That is, they were born outside the United States or one of its outlying areas such as Puerto Rico or Guam, to parents neither of whom was a U.S. citizen. The native born are persons who were born in the United States or one of its outlying areas such as Puerto Rico or Guam or who were born abroad of at least one parent who was a U.S. citizen. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-8. Employed persons by class of worker and part-time status

[In thousands]

Category	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	June 2020	May 2021	June 2021	June 2020	Feb. 2021	Mar. 2021	Apr. 2021	May 2021	June 2021
CLASS OF WORKER									
Agriculture and related industries.....	2,353	2,337	2,399	2,257	2,308	2,228	2,292	2,293	2,318
Wage and salary workers ¹	1,547	1,543	1,637	1,523	1,519	1,518	1,527	1,534	1,604
Self-employed workers, unincorporated.....	769	756	730	723	712	635	688	737	692
Unpaid family workers.....	37	37	31	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonagricultural industries.....	140,458	149,442	149,885	139,840	147,895	148,598	148,942	149,397	149,329
Wage and salary workers ¹	131,946	139,977	140,511	131,306	139,243	139,382	139,825	139,799	139,873
Government.....	20,464	20,613	20,280	20,765	20,829	20,644	20,410	20,454	20,578
Private industries.....	111,482	119,364	120,230	110,597	118,151	118,616	119,548	119,449	119,460
Private households.....	564	586	654	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other industries.....	110,918	118,778	119,576	110,114	117,451	117,896	118,995	118,901	118,948
Self-employed workers, unincorporated.....	8,449	9,370	9,303	8,316	8,787	9,241	8,962	9,265	9,146
Unpaid family workers.....	64	94	71	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME²									
 All industries									
Part time for economic reasons ³	9,306	5,046	4,837	9,038	6,088	5,826	5,243	5,271	4,627
Slack work or business conditions.....	8,043	3,843	3,513	7,924	4,723	4,629	3,997	4,069	3,430
Could only find part-time work.....	978	1,012	1,051	938	1,166	984	974	966	1,007
Part time for noneconomic reasons ⁴	16,210	19,364	19,453	17,067	18,369	19,102	19,057	19,160	20,337
 Nonagricultural industries									
Part time for economic reasons ³	9,210	5,016	4,776	8,939	5,986	5,804	5,178	5,231	4,544
Slack work or business conditions.....	7,966	3,819	3,474	7,843	4,661	4,592	3,949	4,039	3,381
Could only find part-time work.....	974	1,012	1,037	935	1,154	982	970	963	996
Part time for noneconomic reasons ⁴	15,868	18,984	19,113	16,718	17,998	18,726	18,713	18,774	19,982

¹ Includes self-employed workers whose businesses are incorporated.

² Refers to those who worked 1 to 34 hours during the survey reference week and excludes employed persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week.

³ Refers to those who worked 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for an economic reason such as slack work or unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, or seasonal declines in demand.

⁴ Refers to persons who usually work part time for noneconomic reasons such as childcare problems, family or personal obligations, school or training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings, and other reasons. This excludes persons who usually work full time but worked only 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for reasons such as vacations, holidays, illness, and bad weather.

- Data not available.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-9. Selected employment indicators

[Numbers in thousands]

Characteristic	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	June 2020	May 2021	June 2021	June 2020	Feb. 2021	Mar. 2021	Apr. 2021	May 2021	June 2021
AGE AND SEX									
Total, 16 years and over.....	142,811	151,778	152,283	142,100	150,239	150,848	151,176	151,620	151,602
16 to 19 years.....	4,884	5,327	5,952	4,174	5,118	5,142	5,398	5,468	5,240
16 to 17 years.....	1,744	1,967	2,197	1,498	1,868	1,923	2,057	2,080	1,952
18 to 19 years.....	3,139	3,361	3,755	2,664	3,245	3,256	3,337	3,380	3,287
20 years and over.....	137,927	146,451	146,331	137,926	145,121	145,706	145,778	146,151	146,362
20 to 24 years.....	11,669	13,082	13,749	11,313	13,216	13,150	13,118	13,157	13,399
25 years and over.....	126,259	133,369	132,582	126,735	131,789	132,492	132,540	132,898	133,068
25 to 54 years.....	92,407	97,419	97,028	92,719	96,461	96,856	96,952	97,172	97,331
25 to 34 years.....	32,009	34,470	34,196	32,076	33,988	34,099	34,319	34,406	34,284
35 to 44 years.....	30,909	32,567	32,528	31,005	32,146	32,406	32,407	32,491	32,612
45 to 54 years.....	29,489	30,383	30,305	29,638	30,327	30,351	30,226	30,275	30,436
55 years and over.....	33,851	35,949	35,554	34,016	35,328	35,636	35,588	35,726	35,737
Men, 16 years and over.....	76,425	80,430	80,994	75,656	79,666	79,681	80,017	80,062	80,176
16 to 19 years.....	2,423	2,643	3,016	2,052	2,474	2,488	2,669	2,722	2,631
16 to 17 years.....	878	967	1,107	713	938	879	970	1,013	942
18 to 19 years.....	1,545	1,677	1,909	1,315	1,550	1,632	1,680	1,707	1,679
20 years and over.....	74,002	77,786	77,978	73,605	77,193	77,194	77,348	77,340	77,545
20 to 24 years.....	5,997	6,709	6,956	5,772	6,763	6,711	6,770	6,719	6,737
25 years and over.....	68,005	71,077	71,022	67,904	70,329	70,499	70,562	70,798	70,955
25 to 54 years.....	49,575	51,835	51,861	49,503	51,436	51,542	51,616	51,664	51,804
25 to 34 years.....	17,079	18,382	18,162	17,040	18,145	18,229	18,339	18,352	18,167
35 to 44 years.....	16,644	17,590	17,664	16,602	17,390	17,468	17,477	17,525	17,616
45 to 54 years.....	15,852	15,863	16,035	15,861	15,901	15,845	15,801	15,787	16,021
55 years and over.....	18,430	19,242	19,161	18,401	18,892	18,957	18,946	19,134	19,150
Women, 16 years and over.....	66,386	71,348	71,289	66,444	70,572	71,167	71,159	71,557	71,426
16 to 19 years.....	2,461	2,684	2,936	2,123	2,644	2,654	2,729	2,746	2,609
16 to 17 years.....	866	1,000	1,091	784	930	1,044	1,087	1,067	1,010
18 to 19 years.....	1,595	1,684	1,845	1,349	1,695	1,624	1,656	1,673	1,608
20 years and over.....	63,925	68,664	68,353	64,321	67,928	68,513	68,430	68,811	68,817
20 to 24 years.....	5,671	6,373	6,793	5,542	6,453	6,440	6,348	6,438	6,662
25 years and over.....	58,254	62,291	61,560	58,832	61,460	61,993	61,978	62,100	62,113
25 to 54 years.....	42,832	45,584	45,167	43,217	45,024	45,314	45,336	45,508	45,527
25 to 34 years.....	14,930	16,087	16,034	15,036	15,843	15,870	15,980	16,054	16,117
35 to 44 years.....	14,265	14,976	14,864	14,403	14,756	14,938	14,930	14,966	14,995
45 to 54 years.....	13,637	14,520	14,269	13,777	14,426	14,506	14,425	14,488	14,415
55 years and over.....	15,421	16,707	16,393	15,615	16,436	16,679	16,642	16,592	16,587
MARITAL STATUS									
Married men, spouse present ¹	43,717	43,849	43,533	43,667	44,033	43,695	43,805	43,647	43,533
Married women, spouse present ¹	33,903	34,986	34,400	34,369	34,803	34,910	35,013	34,950	34,891
Women who maintain families ²	8,218	9,711	9,635	-	-	-	-	-	-
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS									
Full-time workers ³	120,169	126,579	127,156	119,262	124,868	125,803	126,161	126,384	126,201
Part-time workers ⁴	22,642	25,199	25,127	23,125	25,109	25,078	25,024	25,202	25,610
MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS									
Total multiple jobholders.....	6,114	7,249	6,987	6,266	6,678	6,817	6,916	7,269	7,109
Percent of total employed.....	4.3	4.8	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.7
SELF-EMPLOYMENT									
Self-employed workers, incorporated.....	6,208	6,063	6,210	-	-	-	-	-	-
Self-employed workers, unincorporated.....	9,218	10,126	10,033	9,040	9,498	9,876	9,651	10,002	9,837

¹ Beginning with data for January 2020, refers to persons in both opposite-sex and same-sex married couples. Prior to January 2020, referred to persons in opposite-sex married couples only.

² Beginning with data for January 2020, refers to female householders residing with one or more family members, but not a spouse of either sex. Prior to January 2020, referred to female householders residing with one or more family members, but not an opposite-sex spouse.

³ Employed full-time workers are persons who usually work 35 hours or more per week.

⁴ Employed part-time workers are persons who usually work less than 35 hours per week.

- Data not available.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-10. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

Characteristic	Number of unemployed persons (in thousands)			Unemployment rates					
	June 2020	May 2021	June 2021	June 2020	Feb. 2021	Mar. 2021	Apr. 2021	May 2021	June 2021
AGE AND SEX									
Total, 16 years and over.....	17,697	9,316	9,484	11.1	6.2	6.0	6.1	5.8	5.9
16 to 19 years.....	1,222	578	577	22.6	13.9	13.0	12.3	9.6	9.9
16 to 17 years.....	452	203	208	23.2	14.8	12.6	11.3	8.9	9.6
18 to 19 years.....	766	355	367	22.3	13.7	13.3	13.0	9.5	10.1
20 years and over.....	16,475	8,738	8,907	10.7	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.6	5.7
20 to 24 years.....	2,763	1,477	1,339	19.6	9.6	10.3	10.5	10.1	9.1
25 years and over.....	13,654	7,169	7,525	9.7	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.1	5.4
25 to 54 years.....	10,016	5,354	5,662	9.7	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.2	5.5
25 to 34 years.....	4,238	2,127	2,370	11.7	6.4	6.7	6.4	5.8	6.5
35 to 44 years.....	3,070	1,707	1,816	9.0	5.7	5.1	4.9	5.0	5.3
45 to 54 years.....	2,708	1,520	1,476	8.4	4.9	4.5	4.9	4.8	4.6
55 years and over.....	3,625	1,834	1,853	9.6	5.3	4.5	5.0	4.9	4.9
Men, 16 years and over.....	8,921	5,148	5,144	10.5	6.3	6.2	6.3	6.0	6.0
16 to 19 years.....	604	306	275	22.7	16.6	15.4	13.3	10.1	9.5
16 to 17 years.....	163	88	111	18.6	15.7	14.0	11.5	8.0	10.5
18 to 19 years.....	441	215	162	25.1	17.6	16.1	14.1	11.2	8.8
20 years and over.....	8,317	4,842	4,869	10.2	6.0	5.8	6.1	5.9	5.9
20 to 24 years.....	1,340	826	769	18.8	10.1	10.9	11.5	10.9	10.2
25 years and over.....	6,928	3,940	4,069	9.3	5.6	5.2	5.5	5.3	5.4
25 to 54 years.....	5,156	3,013	3,095	9.4	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.6
25 to 34 years.....	2,266	1,207	1,372	11.7	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.2	7.0
35 to 44 years.....	1,593	968	937	8.8	5.6	5.1	4.6	5.2	5.0
45 to 54 years.....	1,297	838	786	7.6	4.6	4.5	5.2	5.0	4.7
55 years and over.....	1,772	927	974	8.8	5.6	4.5	5.2	4.6	4.8
Women, 16 years and over.....	8,776	4,168	4,340	11.7	6.1	5.9	5.8	5.5	5.7
16 to 19 years.....	619	272	302	22.6	11.2	10.7	11.2	9.0	10.4
16 to 17 years.....	290	115	98	27.0	13.9	11.5	11.1	9.7	8.8
18 to 19 years.....	325	140	205	19.4	9.7	10.3	11.8	7.7	11.3
20 years and over.....	8,158	3,895	4,038	11.3	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.5
20 to 24 years.....	1,423	651	570	20.4	9.1	9.5	9.3	9.2	7.9
25 years and over.....	6,726	3,229	3,456	10.3	5.5	5.3	5.2	4.9	5.3
25 to 54 years.....	4,860	2,341	2,567	10.1	5.7	5.5	5.4	4.9	5.3
25 to 34 years.....	1,972	920	998	11.6	6.2	6.8	6.2	5.4	5.8
35 to 44 years.....	1,478	739	879	9.3	5.7	5.2	5.3	4.7	5.5
45 to 54 years.....	1,410	682	690	9.3	5.3	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.6
55 years and over.....	1,850	882	874	10.6	5.1	4.6	4.9	5.0	5.0
MARITAL STATUS									
Married men, spouse present ¹	3,245	1,581	1,705	6.9	3.8	3.2	3.8	3.5	3.8
Married women, spouse present ¹	3,376	1,340	1,339	8.9	4.3	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.7
Women who maintain families ²	1,242	687	848	13.1	7.7	8.0	7.3	6.6	8.1
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS									
Full-time workers ³	13,678	7,815	8,025	10.3	6.3	6.1	6.1	5.8	6.0
Part-time workers ⁴	3,991	1,361	1,464	14.7	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.1	5.4

¹ Beginning with data for January 2020, refers to persons in both opposite-sex and same-sex married couples. Prior to January 2020, referred to persons in opposite-sex married couples only.

² Data are not seasonally adjusted. Beginning with data for January 2020, refers to female householders residing with one or more family members, but not a spouse of either sex. Prior to January 2020, referred to female householders residing with one or more family members, but not an opposite-sex spouse.

³ Full-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to work full time (35 hours or more per week) or are on layoff from full-time jobs.

⁴ Part-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to work part time (less than 35 hours per week) or are on layoff from part-time jobs.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-11. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment

[Numbers in thousands]

Reason	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	June 2020	May 2021	June 2021	June 2020	Feb. 2021	Mar. 2021	Apr. 2021	May 2021	June 2021
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED									
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs.....	14,198	5,384	5,706	14,283	6,586	6,226	6,387	5,841	5,787
On temporary layoff.....	10,596	1,562	1,796	10,606	2,229	2,026	2,114	1,823	1,811
Not on temporary layoff.....	3,602	3,821	3,910	3,676	4,357	4,200	4,273	4,019	3,976
Permanent job losers.....	2,825	3,113	3,159	2,856	3,497	3,432	3,529	3,234	3,187
Persons who completed temporary jobs....	776	709	751	821	860	768	744	785	789
Job leavers.....	545	737	919	571	701	777	824	778	942
Reentrants.....	2,495	2,224	2,499	2,334	2,124	2,253	2,072	2,149	2,298
New entrants.....	834	483	760	557	582	497	625	525	494
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs.....	78.6	61.0	57.7	80.5	65.9	63.8	64.5	62.9	60.8
On temporary layoff.....	58.6	17.7	18.2	59.8	22.3	20.8	21.3	19.6	19.0
Not on temporary layoff.....	19.9	43.3	39.6	20.7	43.6	43.1	43.1	43.2	41.8
Job leavers.....	3.0	8.4	9.3	3.2	7.0	8.0	8.3	8.4	9.9
Reentrants.....	13.8	25.2	25.3	13.2	21.3	23.1	20.9	23.1	24.1
New entrants.....	4.6	5.5	7.7	3.1	5.8	5.1	6.3	5.7	5.2
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE									
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs.....	8.8	3.4	3.5	8.9	4.1	3.9	4.0	3.6	3.6
Job leavers.....	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6
Reentrants.....	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4
New entrants.....	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to total unemployed in table A-1 because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-12. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

[Numbers in thousands]

Duration	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	June 2020	May 2021	June 2021	June 2020	Feb. 2021	Mar. 2021	Apr. 2021	May 2021	June 2021
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED									
Less than 5 weeks.....	3,620	1,963	2,709	2,853	2,185	2,177	2,414	2,023	1,981
5 to 14 weeks.....	11,300	1,793	1,980	11,544	2,254	1,941	1,939	2,126	2,166
15 weeks and over.....	3,152	5,073	5,195	3,265	5,555	5,609	5,386	5,013	5,314
15 to 26 weeks.....	1,867	1,381	1,276	1,907	1,407	1,391	1,203	1,262	1,329
27 weeks and over.....	1,285	3,692	3,918	1,358	4,148	4,218	4,183	3,752	3,985
Average (mean) duration, in weeks.....	13.4	30.7	29.8	15.5	27.6	29.7	28.8	29.9	31.6
Median duration, in weeks.....	11.1	19.9	17.6	13.4	18.3	19.7	19.8	19.3	19.8
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
Less than 5 weeks.....	20.0	22.2	27.4	16.2	21.9	22.4	24.8	22.1	20.9
5 to 14 weeks.....	62.5	20.3	20.0	65.4	22.6	20.0	19.9	23.2	22.9
15 weeks and over.....	17.4	57.5	52.6	18.5	55.6	57.7	55.3	54.7	56.2
15 to 26 weeks.....	10.3	15.6	12.9	10.8	14.1	14.3	12.4	13.8	14.0
27 weeks and over.....	7.1	41.8	39.6	7.7	41.5	43.4	43.0	40.9	42.1

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to total unemployed in table A-1 because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-13. Employed and unemployed persons by occupation, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Occupation	Employed		Unemployed		Unemployment rates	
	June 2020	June 2021	June 2020	June 2021	June 2020	June 2021
Total, 16 years and over ¹	142,811	152,283	18,072	9,883	11.2	6.1
Management, professional, and related occupations.....	63,336	64,316	4,395	2,303	6.5	3.5
Management, business, and financial operations occupations.....	26,928	28,216	1,363	877	4.8	3.0
Professional and related occupations.....	36,408	36,100	3,032	1,426	7.7	3.8
Service occupations.....	21,164	24,631	4,881	2,111	18.7	7.9
Sales and office occupations.....	28,458	29,839	3,819	1,938	11.8	6.1
Sales and related occupations.....	13,463	14,246	2,059	906	13.3	6.0
Office and administrative support occupations.....	14,995	15,593	1,759	1,032	10.5	6.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations.....	12,779	14,234	1,513	1,090	10.6	7.1
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	948	1,227	76	115	7.4	8.6
Construction and extraction occupations.....	7,371	8,163	961	776	11.5	8.7
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	4,460	4,844	475	199	9.6	3.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations.....	17,074	19,263	2,594	1,647	13.2	7.9
Production occupations.....	7,187	7,950	889	580	11.0	6.8
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	9,887	11,313	1,705	1,067	14.7	8.6

¹ Persons with no previous work experience and persons whose last job was in the U.S. Armed Forces are included in the unemployed total.

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data. Effective with January 2020 data, occupations reflect the introduction of the 2018 Census occupational classification system into the Current Population Survey, or household survey. This classification system is derived from the 2018 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). No historical data have been revised. Data for 2020 are not strictly comparable with earlier years.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-14. Unemployed persons by industry and class of worker, not seasonally adjusted

Industry and class of worker	Number of unemployed persons (in thousands)		Unemployment rates	
	June 2020	June 2021	June 2020	June 2021
Total, 16 years and over ¹	18,072	9,883	11.2	6.1
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers.....	14,718	7,631	11.7	6.0
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction.....	145	70	17.8	10.3
Construction.....	962	730	10.1	7.5
Manufacturing.....	1,383	792	9.1	5.4
Durable goods.....	872	533	9.2	5.7
Nondurable goods.....	511	259	8.9	4.8
Wholesale and retail trade.....	2,135	1,238	11.2	6.2
Transportation and utilities.....	923	479	12.9	6.0
Information.....	304	170	12.0	6.1
Financial activities.....	515	342	5.1	3.4
Professional and business services.....	1,527	921	8.6	5.2
Education and health services.....	2,107	1,073	8.6	4.4
Leisure and hospitality.....	3,792	1,475	28.9	10.9
Other services.....	925	342	14.5	5.4
Agriculture and related private wage and salary workers.....	87	129	5.4	7.5
Government workers.....	1,610	729	7.3	3.5
Self-employed workers, unincorporated, and unpaid family workers.....	823	635	8.1	5.9

¹ Persons with no previous work experience and persons whose last job was in the U.S. Armed Forces are included in the unemployed total.

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data. Effective with January 2020 data, industries reflect the introduction of the 2017 Census industry classification system into the Current Population Survey. This industry classification system is derived from the 2017 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). No historical data have been revised.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-15. Alternative measures of labor underutilization

[Percent]

Measure	Not seasonally adjusted			Seasonally adjusted					
	June 2020	May 2021	June 2021	June 2020	Feb. 2021	Mar. 2021	Apr. 2021	May 2021	June 2021
U-1 Persons unemployed 15 weeks or longer, as a percent of the civilian labor force.....	2.0	3.2	3.2	2.0	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.1	3.3
U-2 Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs, as a percent of the civilian labor force.....	8.8	3.4	3.5	8.9	4.1	3.9	4.0	3.6	3.6
U-3 Total unemployed, as a percent of the civilian labor force (official unemployment rate).....	11.2	5.5	6.1	11.1	6.2	6.0	6.1	5.8	5.9
U-4 Total unemployed plus discouraged workers, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus discouraged workers.....	11.6	5.8	6.5	11.5	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.1	6.2
U-5 Total unemployed, plus discouraged workers, plus all other persons marginally attached to the labor force, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all persons marginally attached to the labor force.....	12.6	6.6	7.2	12.4	7.3	7.1	7.2	6.9	6.9
U-6 Total unemployed, plus all persons marginally attached to the labor force, plus total employed part time for economic reasons, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all persons marginally attached to the labor force.....	18.3	9.7	10.1	18.0	11.1	10.7	10.4	10.2	9.8

NOTE: Persons marginally attached to the labor force are those who currently are neither working nor looking for work but indicate that they want and are available for a job and have looked for work sometime in the past 12 months. Discouraged workers, a subset of the marginally attached, have given a job-market related reason for not currently looking for work. Persons employed part time for economic reasons are those who want and are available for full-time work but have had to settle for a part-time schedule. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-16. Persons not in the labor force and multiple jobholders by sex, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Category	Total		Men		Women	
	June 2020	June 2021	June 2020	June 2021	June 2020	June 2021
NOT IN THE LABOR FORCE						
Total not in the labor force.....	99,321	99,172	40,431	40,206	58,890	58,965
Persons who currently want a job.....	8,633	6,869	4,301	3,365	4,332	3,503
Marginally attached to the labor force ¹	2,486	1,856	1,380	1,027	1,106	829
Discouraged workers ²	684	631	395	419	289	212
Other persons marginally attached to the labor force ³ ..	1,803	1,225	985	608	818	617
MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS						
Total multiple jobholders ⁴	6,114	6,987	2,986	3,462	3,128	3,525
Percent of total employed.....	4.3	4.6	3.9	4.3	4.7	4.9
Primary job full time, secondary job part time.....	3,428	3,882	1,835	2,085	1,594	1,797
Primary and secondary jobs both part time.....	1,503	1,694	479	619	1,023	1,075
Primary and secondary jobs both full time.....	320	423	211	238	108	186
Hours vary on primary or secondary job.....	817	926	434	486	383	440

¹ Data refer to persons who want a job, have searched for work during the prior 12 months, and were available to take a job during the reference week, but had not looked for work in the past 4 weeks.

² Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for reasons such as thinks no work available, could not find work, lacks schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of discrimination.

³ Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for such reasons as school or family responsibilities, ill health, and transportation problems, as well as a number for whom reason for nonparticipation was not determined.

⁴ Includes a small number of persons who work part time on their primary job and full time on their secondary job(s), not shown separately.

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

[In thousands]

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted				Change from: May2021 ^P - June2021 ^P
	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^P	June 2021 ^P	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^P	June 2021 ^P	
Total nonfarm.....	138,501	144,397	145,369	146,517	137,840	144,326	144,909	145,759	850
Total private.....	117,267	122,407	123,411	124,800	116,487	122,741	123,257	123,919	662
Goods-producing.....	20,028	20,203	20,377	20,614	19,767	20,319	20,338	20,358	20
Mining and logging.....	600	612	618	633	597	616	618	630	12
Logging.....	45.2	41.5	41.7	45.0	45.2	44.5	43.4	45.0	1.6
Mining.....	555.0	570.4	576.6	587.7	551.7	571.4	575.0	585.4	10.4
Oil and gas extraction.....	133.6	134.2	135.0	136.4	132.9	136.9	136.4	136.5	0.1
Mining, except oil and gas.....	177.3	180.7	181.8	183.5	174.8	182.3	180.4	181.0	0.6
Coal mining.....	39.7	42.3	41.9	42.0	40.0	42.4	42.4	42.3	-0.1
Metal ore mining.....	41.3	41.7	41.9	42.4	41.2	41.6	41.9	42.4	0.5
Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying.....	96.3	96.7	98.0	99.1	93.6	98.3	96.1	96.3	0.2
Support activities for mining.....	244.1	255.5	259.8	267.8	244.0	252.2	258.2	267.9	9.7
Construction.....	7,359	7,365	7,477	7,592	7,171	7,439	7,417	7,410	-7
Construction of buildings.....	1,619.3	1,662.6	1,684.4	1,717.0	1,594.2	1,682.4	1,685.6	1,691.2	5.6
Residential building.....	812.8	857.2	870.8	884.7	800.5	867.1	870.4	872.9	2.5
Nonresidential building.....	806.5	805.4	813.6	832.3	793.7	815.3	815.2	818.3	3.1
Heavy and civil engineering construction.....	1,081.5	1,051.7	1,082.4	1,099.2	1,027.4	1,063.9	1,057.2	1,046.3	-10.9
Specialty trade contractors.....	4,658.6	4,650.2	4,709.8	4,775.8	4,549.6	4,692.3	4,674.5	4,672.4	-2.1
Residential specialty trade contractors.....	2,088.7	2,138.8	2,168.5	2,208.0	2,037.9	2,149.4	2,146.5	2,159.2	12.7
Nonresidential specialty trade contractors.....	2,569.9	2,511.4	2,541.3	2,567.8	2,511.7	2,542.9	2,528.0	2,513.2	-14.8
Manufacturing.....	12,069	12,226	12,282	12,389	11,999	12,264	12,303	12,318	15
Durable goods.....	7,520	7,599	7,636	7,708	7,472	7,605	7,640	7,658	18
Wood products.....	390.8	401.9	401.8	407.4	388.4	402.7	402.2	404.8	2.6
Nonmetallic mineral products.....	399.4	397.5	399.0	403.3	392.3	398.2	395.3	395.8	0.5
Primary metals.....	348.0	350.0	351.3	358.2	345.6	349.8	351.4	354.5	3.1
Fabricated metal products.....	1,387.3	1,397.6	1,401.7	1,416.7	1,377.6	1,394.9	1,400.4	1,406.1	5.7
Machinery.....	1,050.3	1,060.1	1,068.0	1,075.8	1,043.3	1,061.4	1,068.5	1,068.8	0.3
Computer and electronic products.....	1,075.5	1,080.6	1,082.8	1,087.7	1,071.8	1,082.6	1,085.2	1,083.8	-1.4
Computer and peripheral equipment.....	162.6	164.7	164.6	165.6	162.5	164.7	164.8	165.2	0.4
Communications equipment.....	85.8	84.8	85.6	86.7	85.5	85.0	85.9	86.4	0.5
Semiconductors and electronic components.....	373.1	369.2	370.8	374.8	370.6	371.1	372.4	372.2	-0.2
Electronic instruments.....	421.1	428.1	427.9	426.2	420.5	427.3	427.9	425.8	-2.1
Miscellaneous computer and electronic products.....	32.9	33.8	33.9	34.4	32.6	34.5	34.2	34.2	0.0
Electrical equipment and appliances.....	377.4	374.4	376.4	380.0	376.9	375.7	377.8	379.5	1.7
Transportation equipment ¹	1,563.4	1,567.3	1,578.5	1,583.9	1,553.8	1,568.4	1,581.0	1,574.7	-6.3
Motor vehicles and parts ²	857.3	869.2	887.3	875.9	851.0	862.4	885.2	872.9	-12.3
Furniture and related products.....	347.8	351.0	352.4	361.7	346.1	351.1	353.0	361.5	8.5
Miscellaneous durable goods manufacturing.....	580.2	618.6	624.3	632.9	576.1	619.9	624.7	628.0	3.3
Nondurable goods.....	4,549	4,627	4,646	4,681	4,527	4,659	4,663	4,660	-3
Food manufacturing.....	1,596.1	1,613.7	1,616.0	1,631.1	1,590.7	1,633.8	1,633.4	1,629.3	-4.1
Textile mills.....	93.1	95.3	96.2	97.1	93.1	95.4	95.8	96.7	0.9
Textile product mills.....	103.8	107.3	107.2	107.2	104.4	107.8	107.3	107.4	0.1
Apparel.....	87.8	91.7	92.4	93.2	87.1	91.8	92.0	92.2	0.2
Paper and paper products.....	354.1	352.9	349.9	353.5	352.8	353.2	350.8	352.3	1.5
Printing and related support activities.....	366.8	369.6	373.5	373.9	366.2	372.2	374.7	373.3	-1.4
Petroleum and coal products.....	105.7	100.6	101.8	101.6	102.9	101.5	100.6	99.5	-1.1
Chemicals.....	836.2	856.4	853.4	859.3	833.3	854.2	853.9	855.6	1.7
Plastics and rubber products.....	710.6	724.7	730.4	728.9	705.9	726.1	727.9	725.0	-2.9
Miscellaneous nondurable goods manufacturing.....	294.9	314.9	325.5	335.2	290.2	322.5	326.1	329.0	2.9
Private service-providing.....	97,239	102,204	103,034	104,186	96,720	102,422	102,919	103,561	642
Trade, transportation, and utilities.....	25,930	26,845	27,019	27,263	25,934	27,116	27,179	27,278	99
Wholesale trade.....	5,581.0	5,650.0	5,682.5	5,727.6	5,556.9	5,664.9	5,681.5	5,702.8	21.3
Durable goods.....	3,045.3	3,103.1	3,118.1	3,144.4	3,035.1	3,110.2	3,120.9	3,134.4	13.5
Nondurable goods.....	2,058.0	2,070.4	2,087.4	2,105.2	2,044.7	2,076.9	2,083.2	2,091.7	8.5

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

— Continued

[In thousands]

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted				Change from: May2021 - June2021 ^P
	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^P	June 2021 ^P	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^P	June 2021 ^P	
Wholesale trade - Continued									
Electronic markets and agents and brokers.....	477.7	476.5	477.0	478.0	477.1	477.8	477.4	476.7	-0.7
Retail trade.....	14,503.4	15,047.7	15,146.4	15,288.2	14,502.8	15,212.6	15,239.3	15,306.4	67.1
Motor vehicle and parts dealers.....	1,860.2	1,970.8	1,981.1	1,993.3	1,850.9	1,971.9	1,974.4	1,983.4	9.0
Automobile dealers.....	1,171.5	1,246.6	1,249.6	1,257.5	1,170.7	1,248.8	1,249.5	1,257.0	7.5
Other motor vehicle dealers.....	151.5	163.7	169.1	172.2	142.8	161.7	162.5	162.9	0.4
Auto parts, accessories, and tire stores...	537.2	560.5	562.4	563.6	537.5	561.4	562.4	563.5	1.1
Furniture and home furnishings stores.....	369.9	440.8	441.1	441.7	373.5	447.3	446.5	446.2	-0.3
Electronics and appliance stores.....	369.5	416.5	414.4	408.1	376.6	417.0	417.2	415.0	-2.2
Building material and garden supply stores.....	1,415.8	1,404.5	1,435.1	1,436.5	1,349.9	1,372.5	1,377.0	1,376.5	-0.5
Food and beverage stores.....	3,144.1	3,084.5	3,091.5	3,105.7	3,126.0	3,108.7	3,101.4	3,088.7	-12.7
Health and personal care stores.....	906.3	1,007.5	1,003.7	994.7	909.9	1,006.4	1,004.8	998.2	-6.6
Gasoline stations.....	922.5	928.0	940.4	958.4	911.2	935.0	940.3	945.7	5.4
Clothing and clothing accessories stores....	794.7	960.9	978.4	1,015.2	809.2	994.6	1,010.8	1,038.7	27.9
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores.....	414.2	468.9	470.6	485.1	428.3	485.9	484.3	491.7	7.4
General merchandise stores.....	3,018.9	2,976.4	2,972.9	3,006.9	3,084.0	3,065.3	3,063.7	3,088.2	24.5
Department stores.....	876.5	944.6	946.1	959.3	920.3	981.0	990.5	1,003.6	13.1
General merchandise stores, including warehouse clubs and supercenters.....	2,142.4	2,031.8	2,026.8	2,047.6	2,163.7	2,084.3	2,073.2	2,084.6	11.4
Miscellaneous store retailers.....	716.6	790.2	813.6	835.2	708.2	800.7	807.4	820.6	13.2
Nonstore retailers.....	570.7	598.7	603.6	607.4	575.1	607.3	611.5	613.5	2.0
Transportation and warehousing.....	5,304.4	5,608.9	5,651.9	5,705.4	5,335.7	5,698.2	5,718.8	5,729.5	10.7
Air transportation.....	386.7	417.6	427.2	437.5	383.2	418.3	425.7	433.5	7.8
Rail transportation.....	144.0	143.4	143.4	143.4	145.2	143.2	144.1	144.5	0.4
Water transportation.....	60.1	60.1	60.6	61.6	58.5	60.6	59.9	59.8	-0.1
Truck transportation.....	1,446.2	1,467.5	1,477.1	1,501.6	1,432.6	1,482.8	1,480.1	1,486.5	6.4
Transit and ground passenger transportation.....	298.5	398.1	405.1	382.4	303.5	383.3	387.2	387.1	-0.1
Pipeline transportation.....	51.1	48.9	49.1	49.3	51.0	49.0	49.1	49.1	0.0
Scenic and sightseeing transportation.....	26.3	26.3	30.4	39.2	20.8	30.4	28.0	30.9	2.9
Support activities for transportation.....	669.0	697.7	703.3	709.6	669.1	698.1	706.0	709.6	3.6
Couriers and messengers.....	913.3	952.1	960.0	975.8	950.4	1,022.6	1,023.9	1,000.1	-23.8
Warehousing and storage.....	1,309.2	1,397.2	1,395.7	1,405.0	1,321.4	1,409.9	1,414.8	1,428.4	13.6
Utilities.....	541.3	538.3	538.0	541.6	539.0	540.2	539.3	539.3	0.0
Information.....	2,606	2,695	2,716	2,743	2,602	2,694	2,722	2,736	14
Publishing industries, except Internet.....	755.3	762.4	768.8	776.1	752.1	767.4	774.4	772.4	-2.0
Motion picture and sound recording industries.....	213.4	278.3	290.2	297.9	209.9	275.0	287.1	292.5	5.4
Broadcasting, except Internet.....	238.9	239.1	240.2	238.8	239.5	238.9	241.5	240.2	-1.3
Telecommunications.....	686.9	681.9	682.8	680.4	689.3	683.0	685.2	683.0	-2.2
Data processing, hosting and related services.....	357.5	366.7	361.7	372.8	358.2	361.1	360.1	373.3	13.2
Other information services.....	354.2	366.9	372.7	376.6	353.0	368.3	373.8	374.8	1.0
Financial activities.....	8,675	8,770	8,781	8,840	8,634	8,804	8,801	8,800	-1
Finance and insurance.....	6,485.6	6,532.6	6,522.4	6,544.5	6,475.6	6,545.9	6,539.4	6,538.0	-1.4
Monetary authorities - central bank.....	20.3	20.2	20.1	20.3	20.2	20.2	20.2	20.2	0.0
Credit intermediation and related activities.....	2,647.8	2,669.5	2,659.4	2,662.8	2,641.0	2,670.4	2,662.4	2,659.5	-2.9
Depository credit intermediation ¹	1,778.2	1,735.9	1,730.8	1,732.1	1,769.9	1,737.3	1,730.6	1,725.3	-5.3
Commercial banking.....	1,393.4	1,349.8	1,344.5	1,343.7	1,387.4	1,352.8	1,343.4	1,339.5	-3.9
Nondepository credit intermediation.....	568.9	611.2	608.2	609.7	568.3	610.6	609.0	610.7	1.7
Activities related to credit intermediation...	300.7	322.4	320.4	321.0	302.8	322.5	322.8	323.5	0.7
Securities, commodity contracts, investments, and funds and trusts.....	964.2	978.7	984.0	992.4	963.7	984.1	988.4	990.1	1.7
Insurance carriers and related activities.....	2,853.3	2,864.2	2,858.9	2,869.0	2,850.7	2,871.2	2,868.4	2,868.2	-0.2
Real estate and rental and leasing.....	2,189.8	2,237.0	2,258.6	2,295.0	2,158.0	2,257.8	2,262.0	2,261.9	-0.1
Real estate.....	1,683.0	1,722.4	1,731.2	1,757.7	1,667.0	1,735.1	1,736.4	1,741.4	5.0
Rental and leasing services.....	483.9	492.7	505.4	514.7	468.6	500.5	503.4	498.3	-5.1

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

— Continued

[In thousands]

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted				Change from: May2021 - June2021 ^P
	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^P	June 2021 ^P	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^P	June 2021 ^P	
Real estate and rental and leasing - Continued									
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets....	22.9	21.9	22.0	22.6	22.4	22.2	22.2	22.2	0.0
Professional and business services.....	19,683	20,710	20,765	20,946	19,568	20,728	20,764	20,836	72
Professional and technical services.....	9,258.5	9,758.8	9,704.9	9,778.4	9,286.3	9,711.6	9,750.9	9,784.6	33.7
Legal services.....	1,115.1	1,125.1	1,129.3	1,147.3	1,105.5	1,130.6	1,132.2	1,137.9	5.7
Accounting and bookkeeping services.....	932.5	1,116.9	1,014.7	1,005.9	996.1	1,036.1	1,053.1	1,055.9	2.8
Architectural and engineering services.....	1,504.1	1,537.8	1,550.8	1,575.0	1,485.5	1,550.6	1,552.8	1,555.5	2.7
Specialized design services.....	129.7	135.2	138.6	139.4	129.2	135.9	137.6	138.2	0.6
Computer systems design and related services.....	2,152.6	2,238.2	2,243.6	2,240.7	2,155.7	2,239.7	2,242.2	2,242.1	-0.1
Management and technical consulting services.....	1,502.7	1,597.5	1,604.4	1,615.1	1,502.7	1,604.8	1,608.3	1,613.3	5.0
Scientific research and development services.....	757.8	803.7	807.2	823.1	751.0	805.1	809.6	816.4	6.8
Advertising and related services.....	445.3	438.7	440.9	450.6	444.0	440.4	441.2	449.2	8.0
Other professional and technical services... ..	718.7	765.7	775.4	781.3	716.6	768.4	773.9	776.1	2.2
Management of companies and enterprises... ..	2,335.4	2,332.5	2,332.2	2,349.1	2,319.6	2,342.0	2,333.5	2,332.7	-0.8
Administrative and waste services.....	8,089.0	8,618.7	8,727.8	8,818.6	7,961.6	8,674.3	8,679.1	8,719.1	40.0
Administrative and support services.....	7,646.3	8,174.7	8,280.5	8,365.9	7,524.9	8,227.3	8,232.3	8,272.0	39.7
Office administrative services.....	512.4	545.6	552.7	557.0	508.8	546.2	551.0	552.1	1.1
Facilities support services.....	153.2	150.5	152.0	149.5	153.5	151.3	151.9	150.0	-1.9
Employment services ¹	2,699.5	3,216.6	3,239.3	3,272.2	2,700.8	3,263.3	3,261.7	3,298.0	36.3
Temporary help services.....	2,142.5	2,594.1	2,611.4	2,639.3	2,147.1	2,639.8	2,633.3	2,666.3	33.0
Business support services.....	767.6	776.1	774.2	770.5	779.3	780.7	784.4	782.2	-2.2
Travel arrangement and reservation services.....	160.6	150.7	152.7	156.9	157.9	150.4	151.3	154.2	2.9
Investigation and security services.....	887.1	911.3	904.9	910.2	887.2	916.8	904.1	910.3	6.2
Services to buildings and dwellings.....	2,170.9	2,126.2	2,205.1	2,244.5	2,047.7	2,122.0	2,129.2	2,125.6	-3.6
Other support services.....	295.0	297.7	299.6	305.1	289.7	296.6	298.7	299.6	0.9
Waste management and remediation services.....	442.7	444.0	447.3	452.7	436.7	447.0	446.8	447.1	0.3
Education and health services.....	22,491	23,597	23,538	23,355	22,671	23,419	23,478	23,537	59
Educational services.....	3,170.8	3,617.6	3,520.8	3,325.8	3,359.6	3,446.2	3,484.9	3,523.5	38.6
Health care and social assistance.....	19,320.4	19,979.5	20,017.6	20,029.5	19,311.5	19,972.9	19,993.1	20,013.3	20.2
Health care ³	15,558.8	15,938.9	15,955.6	15,974.6	15,544.2	15,959.4	15,966.7	15,954.5	-12.2
Ambulatory health care services.....	7,298.5	7,771.8	7,800.9	7,809.3	7,292.6	7,778.0	7,796.9	7,799.8	2.9
Offices of physicians.....	2,559.8	2,686.8	2,692.0	2,697.4	2,561.2	2,692.8	2,694.8	2,698.9	4.1
Offices of dentists.....	888.5	1,004.3	1,009.8	1,015.0	886.3	1,004.0	1,008.0	1,009.9	1.9
Offices of other health practitioners.....	879.2	969.1	978.8	979.6	877.0	970.6	977.1	977.1	0.0
Outpatient care centers.....	946.7	1,001.5	1,002.7	1,004.4	947.6	1,000.7	1,002.5	1,004.3	1.8
Medical and diagnostic laboratories... ..	267.6	296.4	295.5	293.8	267.2	295.7	295.3	293.5	-1.8
Home health care services.....	1,456.2	1,497.9	1,505.6	1,502.8	1,453.5	1,498.5	1,503.4	1,500.1	-3.3
Other ambulatory health care services.....	300.5	315.8	316.5	316.3	299.8	315.7	315.8	316.0	0.2
Hospitals.....	5,077.3	5,139.9	5,130.3	5,139.4	5,075.5	5,142.4	5,140.9	5,135.4	-5.5
Nursing and residential care facilities... ..	3,183.0	3,027.2	3,024.4	3,025.9	3,176.1	3,039.0	3,028.9	3,019.3	-9.6
Nursing care facilities.....	1,489.0	1,375.9	1,375.7	1,376.9	1,487.3	1,382.2	1,378.8	1,375.2	-3.6
Residential mental health facilities.....	609.1	604.7	603.4	602.9	606.6	606.5	603.9	600.4	-3.5
Community care facilities for the elderly.....	926.8	897.1	895.7	896.2	925.3	900.4	895.9	894.9	-1.0
Other residential care facilities.....	158.1	149.5	149.6	149.9	156.8	149.9	150.3	148.8	-1.5
Social assistance.....	3,761.6	4,040.6	4,062.0	4,054.9	3,767.3	4,013.5	4,026.4	4,058.8	32.4
Individual and family services.....	2,534.9	2,662.3	2,663.2	2,668.9	2,527.1	2,654.9	2,652.4	2,660.3	7.9
Emergency and other relief services.....	180.8	183.8	186.0	184.0	180.3	184.4	186.2	183.9	-2.3
Vocational rehabilitation services.....	272.4	281.2	282.5	286.7	270.1	280.5	281.2	283.1	1.9
Child day care services.....	773.5	913.3	930.3	915.3	789.8	893.7	906.6	931.5	24.9
Leisure and hospitality.....	12,637	14,020	14,611	15,329	12,158	14,085	14,391	14,734	343
Arts, entertainment, and recreation.....	1,700.3	1,849.4	2,024.6	2,284.0	1,517.2	1,897.6	1,969.2	2,042.8	73.6
Performing arts and spectator sports.....	299.7	369.7	396.7	427.0	281.2	361.7	375.4	400.8	25.4
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions.....	135.2	131.5	137.8	149.7	124.1	134.3	134.1	137.5	3.4

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

— Continued

[In thousands]

Industry	Not seasonally adjusted				Seasonally adjusted				Change from: May2021 - June2021 ^P
	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^P	June 2021 ^P	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^P	June 2021 ^P	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation - Continued									
Amusements, gambling, and recreation.....	1,265.4	1,348.2	1,490.1	1,707.3	1,111.9	1,401.6	1,459.7	1,504.5	44.8
Accommodation and food services.....	10,936.4	12,170.6	12,586.8	13,044.7	10,640.5	12,187.1	12,421.5	12,690.9	269.4
Accommodation.....	1,404.9	1,503.8	1,578.3	1,746.0	1,329.6	1,544.9	1,577.9	1,653.0	75.1
Food services and drinking places.....	9,531.5	10,666.8	11,008.5	11,298.7	9,310.9	10,642.2	10,843.6	11,037.9	194.3
Other services.....	5,217	5,567	5,604	5,710	5,153	5,576	5,584	5,640	56
Repair and maintenance.....	1,262.8	1,339.0	1,340.5	1,355.4	1,254.7	1,338.8	1,336.4	1,345.3	8.9
Personal and laundry services.....	1,135.8	1,354.4	1,373.4	1,404.6	1,123.8	1,351.9	1,360.2	1,389.4	29.2
Membership associations and organizations...	2,818.4	2,873.2	2,890.0	2,950.0	2,774.8	2,885.1	2,887.5	2,905.7	18.2
Government.....	21,234	21,990	21,958	21,717	21,353	21,585	21,652	21,840	188
Federal.....	2,889	2,882	2,882	2,887	2,876	2,891	2,881	2,876	-5
Federal, except U.S. Postal Service.....	2,285.1	2,268.7	2,282.1	2,289.1	2,271.5	2,276.1	2,280.4	2,278.5	-1.9
U.S. Postal Service.....	603.4	613.2	599.9	597.8	604.1	614.9	600.2	597.0	-3.2
State government.....	4,777	5,145	5,019	4,823	5,043	4,977	5,024	5,093	69
State government education.....	2,075.0	2,470.1	2,350.6	2,146.7	2,355.8	2,301.6	2,353.6	2,428.1	74.5
State government, excluding education.....	2,701.9	2,675.1	2,668.5	2,676.3	2,686.8	2,675.5	2,670.5	2,664.7	-5.8
Local government.....	13,568	13,963	14,057	14,007	13,434	13,717	13,747	13,871	124
Local government education.....	7,283.7	7,733.6	7,768.6	7,559.9	7,335.7	7,411.2	7,460.7	7,615.9	155.2
Local government, excluding education.....	6,284.3	6,229.4	6,288.4	6,446.6	6,097.9	6,305.3	6,286.5	6,255.0	-31.5

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.

² Includes motor vehicles, motor vehicle bodies and trailers, and motor vehicle parts.

³ Includes ambulatory health care services, hospitals, and nursing and residential care facilities.

p Preliminary

NOTE: Data have been revised to reflect March 2020 benchmark levels and updated seasonal adjustment factors.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-2. Average weekly hours and overtime of all employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted

Industry	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^p	June 2021 ^p
AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS				
Total private.....	34.6	34.9	34.8	34.7
Goods-producing.....	39.1	40.1	40.1	39.8
Mining and logging.....	43.6	45.3	45.1	45.2
Construction.....	38.8	39.1	39.0	38.6
Manufacturing.....	39.1	40.4	40.4	40.2
Durable goods.....	39.1	40.5	40.6	40.3
Nondurable goods.....	39.0	40.2	40.2	40.1
Private service-providing.....	33.6	33.9	33.8	33.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities.....	34.4	34.7	34.7	34.5
Wholesale trade.....	38.2	39.1	39.1	39.1
Retail trade.....	31.3	31.0	31.0	30.8
Transportation and warehousing.....	38.2	39.4	39.3	39.0
Utilities.....	42.4	42.5	42.8	42.7
Information.....	36.6	37.2	37.1	37.0
Financial activities.....	37.5	37.6	37.6	37.6
Professional and business services.....	36.4	36.7	36.7	36.6
Education and health services.....	33.1	33.3	33.3	33.3
Leisure and hospitality.....	25.7	26.7	26.5	26.5
Other services.....	32.3	32.3	32.4	32.3
AVERAGE OVERTIME HOURS				
Manufacturing.....	2.5	3.2	3.3	3.2
Durable goods.....	2.2	3.0	3.2	3.0
Nondurable goods.....	3.0	3.4	3.4	3.4

p Preliminary

NOTE: Data have been revised to reflect March 2020 benchmark levels and updated seasonal adjustment factors.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-3. Average hourly and weekly earnings of all employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted

Industry	Average hourly earnings				Average weekly earnings			
	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^P	June 2021 ^P	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^P	June 2021 ^P
Total private.....	\$29.35	\$30.17	\$30.30	\$30.40	\$1,015.51	\$1,052.93	\$1,054.44	\$1,054.88
Goods-producing.....	29.93	30.70	30.86	30.98	1,170.26	1,231.07	1,237.49	1,233.00
Mining and logging.....	34.94	35.00	34.94	35.00	1,523.38	1,585.50	1,575.79	1,582.00
Construction.....	31.63	32.59	32.75	32.86	1,227.24	1,274.27	1,277.25	1,268.40
Manufacturing.....	28.64	29.36	29.53	29.66	1,119.82	1,186.14	1,193.01	1,192.33
Durable goods.....	30.00	30.91	31.05	31.19	1,173.00	1,251.86	1,260.63	1,256.96
Nondurable goods.....	26.39	26.79	27.02	27.14	1,029.21	1,076.96	1,086.20	1,088.31
Private service-providing.....	29.21	30.04	30.17	30.26	981.46	1,018.36	1,019.75	1,019.76
Trade, transportation, and utilities.....	25.02	26.02	26.21	26.40	860.69	902.89	909.49	910.80
Wholesale trade.....	32.25	33.31	33.49	33.63	1,231.95	1,302.42	1,309.46	1,314.93
Retail trade.....	20.64	21.66	21.86	21.92	646.03	671.46	677.66	675.14
Transportation and warehousing.....	25.18	26.09	26.28	26.75	961.88	1,027.95	1,032.80	1,043.25
Utilities.....	43.46	44.41	44.59	44.61	1,842.70	1,887.43	1,908.45	1,904.85
Information.....	43.51	44.28	44.33	44.53	1,592.47	1,647.22	1,644.64	1,647.61
Financial activities.....	37.88	39.85	40.00	40.10	1,420.50	1,498.36	1,504.00	1,507.76
Professional and business services.....	35.22	36.16	36.42	36.49	1,282.01	1,327.07	1,336.61	1,335.53
Education and health services.....	28.51	29.51	29.45	29.54	943.68	982.68	980.69	983.68
Leisure and hospitality.....	17.02	17.85	18.05	18.23	437.41	476.60	478.33	483.10
Other services.....	26.91	26.99	27.22	27.29	869.19	871.78	881.93	881.47

p Preliminary

NOTE: Data have been revised to reflect March 2020 benchmark levels and updated seasonal adjustment factors.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-4. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours and payrolls for all employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted

[2007=100]

Industry	Index of aggregate weekly hours ¹					Index of aggregate weekly payrolls ²				
	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^p	June 2021 ^p	Percent change from: May 2021 - June 2021 ^p	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^p	June 2021 ^p	Percent change from: May 2021 - June 2021 ^p
Total private.....	101.2	107.5	107.7	107.9	0.2	142.0	155.1	156.0	156.9	0.6
Goods-producing.....	88.1	92.8	92.9	92.3	-0.6	119.1	128.8	129.6	129.3	-0.2
Mining and logging.....	81.8	87.7	87.6	89.5	2.2	114.7	123.2	122.9	125.7	2.3
Construction.....	95.9	100.3	99.7	98.6	-1.1	131.8	142.0	141.9	140.8	-0.8
Manufacturing.....	84.4	89.1	89.4	89.1	-0.3	112.4	121.7	122.8	122.9	0.1
Durable goods.....	82.3	86.7	87.3	86.9	-0.5	109.6	119.0	120.4	120.4	0.0
Nondurable goods.....	88.1	93.5	93.6	93.3	-0.3	118.0	127.1	128.3	128.4	0.1
Private service-providing.....	104.6	111.8	112.0	112.4	0.4	148.5	163.2	164.2	165.3	0.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities.....	97.3	102.7	102.9	102.7	-0.2	131.3	144.1	145.5	146.2	0.5
Wholesale trade.....	93.6	97.7	98.0	98.4	0.4	126.3	136.1	137.3	138.4	0.8
Retail trade.....	92.2	95.8	95.9	95.7	-0.2	125.7	137.1	138.6	138.7	0.1
Transportation and warehousing.....	117.1	129.0	129.1	128.4	-0.5	150.0	171.2	172.7	174.7	1.2
Utilities.....	98.9	99.3	99.9	99.6	-0.3	142.0	145.8	147.1	146.8	-0.2
Information.....	87.0	91.5	92.2	92.5	0.3	134.7	144.3	145.6	146.6	0.7
Financial activities.....	106.1	108.5	108.4	108.4	0.0	156.7	168.6	169.2	169.6	0.2
Professional and business services.....	111.7	119.3	119.5	119.6	0.1	159.3	174.6	176.2	176.7	0.3
Education and health services.....	122.5	127.3	127.7	128.0	0.2	168.1	180.8	180.9	181.9	0.6
Leisure and hospitality.....	89.2	107.3	108.8	111.4	2.4	122.4	154.5	158.5	163.9	3.4
Other services.....	96.0	103.8	104.3	105.0	0.7	141.5	153.6	155.6	157.1	1.0

¹ The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate hours by the corresponding 2007 annual average aggregate hours. Aggregate hours estimates are the product of estimates of average weekly hours and employment.

² The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate weekly payrolls by the corresponding 2007 annual average aggregate weekly payrolls. Aggregate payrolls estimates are the product of estimates of average hourly earnings, average weekly hours, and employment.

p Preliminary

NOTE: Data have been revised to reflect March 2020 benchmark levels and updated seasonal adjustment factors.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
Table B-5. Employment of women on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted

Industry	Women employees (in thousands)				Percent of all employees			
	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^p	June 2021 ^p	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^p	June 2021 ^p
Total nonfarm.....	68,241	71,806	72,120	72,525	49.5	49.8	49.8	49.8
Total private.....	55,991	59,375	59,654	59,946	48.1	48.4	48.4	48.4
Goods-producing.....	4,451	4,617	4,620	4,617	22.5	22.7	22.7	22.7
Mining and logging.....	87	84	84	84	14.6	13.6	13.6	13.3
Construction.....	952	1,004	1,008	1,010	13.3	13.5	13.6	13.6
Manufacturing.....	3,412	3,529	3,528	3,523	28.4	28.8	28.7	28.6
Durable goods.....	1,809	1,863	1,867	1,865	24.2	24.5	24.4	24.4
Nondurable goods.....	1,603	1,666	1,661	1,658	35.4	35.8	35.6	35.6
Private service-providing.....	51,540	54,758	55,034	55,329	53.3	53.5	53.5	53.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities.....	10,089	10,659	10,682	10,752	38.9	39.3	39.3	39.4
Wholesale trade.....	1,653.7	1,698.4	1,709.7	1,731.0	29.8	30.0	30.1	30.4
Retail trade.....	7,001.9	7,379.1	7,382.9	7,412.8	48.3	48.5	48.4	48.4
Transportation and warehousing.....	1,301.3	1,447.8	1,455.1	1,474.8	24.4	25.4	25.4	25.7
Utilities.....	132.1	134.1	133.9	133.7	24.5	24.8	24.8	24.8
Information.....	1,043	1,074	1,078	1,087	40.1	39.9	39.6	39.7
Financial activities.....	4,887	4,959	4,945	4,940	56.6	56.3	56.2	56.1
Professional and business services.....	8,895	9,568	9,590	9,579	45.5	46.2	46.2	46.0
Education and health services.....	17,508	18,083	18,129	18,186	77.2	77.2	77.2	77.3
Leisure and hospitality.....	6,422	7,467	7,641	7,787	52.8	53.0	53.1	52.9
Other services.....	2,696	2,948	2,969	2,998	52.3	52.9	53.2	53.2
Government.....	12,250	12,431	12,466	12,579	57.4	57.6	57.6	57.6

p Preliminary

NOTE: Data have been revised to reflect March 2020 benchmark levels and updated seasonal adjustment factors.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-6. Employment of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted¹

[In thousands]

Industry	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^p	June 2021 ^p
Total private.....	94,400	99,828	100,264	100,767
Goods-producing.....	14,069	14,375	14,444	14,498
Mining and logging.....	422	447	454	466
Construction.....	5,321	5,460	5,467	5,479
Manufacturing.....	8,326	8,468	8,523	8,553
Durable goods.....	5,071	5,142	5,189	5,219
Nondurable goods.....	3,255	3,326	3,334	3,334
Private service-providing.....	80,331	85,453	85,820	86,269
Trade, transportation, and utilities.....	21,796	22,858	22,910	22,964
Wholesale trade.....	4,404.0	4,492.4	4,512.7	4,529.1
Retail trade.....	12,344.2	12,971.3	12,977.6	13,010.0
Transportation and warehousing.....	4,620.9	4,963.4	4,990.2	4,997.5
Utilities.....	427.2	430.9	429.3	427.8
Information.....	2,051	2,139	2,150	2,166
Financial activities.....	6,594	6,665	6,646	6,622
Professional and business services.....	15,596	16,643	16,646	16,664
Education and health services.....	19,806	20,503	20,555	20,597
Leisure and hospitality.....	10,316	12,132	12,390	12,687
Other services.....	4,172	4,513	4,523	4,569

¹ Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

^p Preliminary

NOTE: Data have been revised to reflect March 2020 benchmark levels and updated seasonal adjustment factors.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-7. Average weekly hours and overtime of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted¹

Industry	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^p	June 2021 ^p
AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS				
Total private.....	33.9	34.3	34.3	34.1
Goods-producing.....	39.8	41.0	41.0	40.7
Mining and logging.....	44.3	47.0	46.6	46.9
Construction.....	39.3	39.7	39.6	39.3
Manufacturing.....	39.9	41.6	41.5	41.3
Durable goods.....	39.9	41.7	41.6	41.2
Nondurable goods.....	39.9	41.4	41.5	41.5
Private service-providing.....	32.9	33.2	33.2	33.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities.....	34.1	34.5	34.5	34.3
Wholesale trade.....	37.9	38.9	38.8	38.9
Retail trade.....	30.9	31.0	31.0	30.8
Transportation and warehousing.....	38.1	39.1	38.8	38.6
Utilities.....	42.2	42.7	42.7	43.0
Information.....	36.1	36.7	37.3	36.7
Financial activities.....	36.9	37.4	37.4	37.4
Professional and business services.....	35.8	36.3	36.3	36.1
Education and health services.....	32.4	32.6	32.6	32.6
Leisure and hospitality.....	24.2	25.3	25.1	25.1
Other services.....	31.5	31.4	31.4	31.4
AVERAGE OVERTIME HOURS				
Manufacturing.....	3.3	4.1	4.2	4.0
Durable goods.....	3.1	4.1	4.2	3.8
Nondurable goods.....	3.6	4.2	4.2	4.2

¹ Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

^p Preliminary

NOTE: Data have been revised to reflect March 2020 benchmark levels and updated seasonal adjustment factors.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-8. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted¹

Industry	Average hourly earnings				Average weekly earnings			
	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^p	June 2021 ^p	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^p	June 2021 ^p
Total private.....	\$24.77	\$25.45	\$25.58	\$25.68	\$839.70	\$872.94	\$877.39	\$875.69
Goods-producing.....	25.38	26.19	26.31	26.47	1,010.12	1,073.79	1,078.71	1,077.33
Mining and logging.....	30.49	30.95	30.94	30.97	1,350.71	1,454.65	1,441.80	1,452.49
Construction.....	29.31	30.20	30.30	30.47	1,151.88	1,198.94	1,199.88	1,197.47
Manufacturing.....	22.62	23.44	23.60	23.75	902.54	975.10	979.40	980.88
Durable goods.....	23.47	24.45	24.63	24.81	936.45	1,019.57	1,024.61	1,022.17
Nondurable goods.....	21.29	21.86	21.99	22.10	849.47	905.00	912.59	917.15
Private service-providing.....	24.64	25.30	25.43	25.51	810.66	839.96	844.28	841.83
Trade, transportation, and utilities.....	21.65	22.03	22.20	22.33	738.27	760.04	765.90	765.92
Wholesale trade.....	26.84	27.37	27.51	27.52	1,017.24	1,064.69	1,067.39	1,070.53
Retail trade.....	18.12	18.40	18.41	18.57	559.91	570.40	570.71	571.96
Transportation and warehousing.....	22.64	23.07	23.62	23.74	862.58	902.04	916.46	916.36
Utilities.....	38.58	39.58	39.55	39.72	1,628.08	1,690.07	1,688.79	1,707.96
Information.....	35.76	37.06	36.97	37.39	1,290.94	1,360.10	1,378.98	1,372.21
Financial activities.....	29.03	30.03	30.39	30.35	1,071.21	1,123.12	1,136.59	1,135.09
Professional and business services.....	29.36	30.19	30.37	30.43	1,051.09	1,095.90	1,102.43	1,098.52
Education and health services.....	25.36	26.51	26.50	26.57	821.66	864.23	863.90	866.18
Leisure and hospitality.....	14.58	15.67	15.84	16.21	352.84	396.45	397.58	406.87
Other services.....	22.71	23.02	23.13	23.14	715.37	722.83	726.28	726.60

¹ Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

p Preliminary

NOTE: Data have been revised to reflect March 2020 benchmark levels and updated seasonal adjustment factors.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

Table B-9. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours and payrolls for production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted¹

[2002=100]

Industry	Index of aggregate weekly hours ²					Index of aggregate weekly payrolls ³				
	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^P	June 2021 ^P	Percent change from: May 2021 - June 2021 ^P	June 2020	Apr. 2021	May 2021 ^P	June 2021 ^P	Percent change from: May 2021 - June 2021 ^P
Total private.....	106.6	114.1	114.6	114.5	-0.1	176.5	194.1	195.9	196.5	0.3
Goods-producing.....	85.6	90.1	90.5	90.2	-0.3	133.0	144.4	145.8	146.2	0.3
Mining and logging.....	99.3	111.6	112.4	116.1	3.3	176.2	201.0	202.3	209.2	3.4
Construction.....	104.7	108.5	108.4	107.8	-0.6	165.7	177.0	177.4	177.4	0.0
Manufacturing.....	76.3	80.9	81.2	81.1	-0.1	112.8	124.0	125.3	125.9	0.5
Durable goods.....	76.0	80.6	81.1	80.8	-0.4	111.4	123.0	124.7	125.1	0.3
Nondurable goods.....	76.5	81.1	81.5	81.5	0.0	115.1	125.3	126.7	127.3	0.5
Private service-providing.....	112.6	120.9	121.4	121.3	-0.1	190.3	209.8	211.7	212.2	0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities.....	103.9	110.3	110.5	110.2	-0.3	160.8	173.6	175.4	175.8	0.2
Wholesale trade.....	99.1	103.7	103.9	104.6	0.7	156.9	167.5	168.7	169.8	0.7
Retail trade.....	96.5	101.8	101.8	101.4	-0.4	149.9	160.4	160.6	161.4	0.5
Transportation and warehousing.....	133.2	146.9	146.5	146.0	-0.3	192.0	215.7	220.3	220.6	0.1
Utilities.....	92.2	94.1	93.7	94.1	0.4	148.5	155.4	154.8	156.0	0.8
Information.....	84.5	89.6	91.5	90.7	-0.9	149.6	164.4	167.5	167.9	0.2
Financial activities.....	114.5	117.3	117.0	116.6	-0.3	204.5	216.8	218.7	217.6	-0.5
Professional and business services.....	124.8	135.1	135.1	134.5	-0.4	218.0	242.5	244.0	243.4	-0.2
Education and health services.....	136.8	142.5	142.9	143.2	0.2	229.0	249.4	249.9	251.1	0.5
Leisure and hospitality.....	91.4	112.4	113.9	116.6	2.4	151.4	200.1	204.9	214.7	4.8
Other services.....	92.2	99.4	99.6	100.6	1.0	152.5	166.7	167.9	169.6	1.0

¹ Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

² The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate hours by the corresponding 2002 annual average aggregate hours. Aggregate hours estimates are the product of estimates of average weekly hours and employment.

³ The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate weekly payrolls by the corresponding 2002 annual average aggregate weekly payrolls. Aggregate payrolls estimates are the product of estimates of average hourly earnings, average weekly hours, and employment.

p Preliminary

NOTE: Data have been revised to reflect March 2020 benchmark levels and updated seasonal adjustment factors.